

From Nothing to \$14,000,000
and Back to Nothing Again
Began life in St. Louis as a poor lawyer
and became—
Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch

Plan success and make the plan work with the help of Post-Dispatch. More than 10,000 offers Sunday.

CONGRESS ENDS SESSION; SPENT \$1,856,384,485

Since Die Adjournment Taken at 10 O'Clock This Morning; Session Lasted 9 Months.

REVENUE BILL FINAL ACT

Reply to Taunt of "Two-Billion-Dollar Congress" Is This Is "Two-Billion-Dollar Country."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Congress adjourned sine die this morning at 10 o'clock, concluding a session, record-breaking in many respects, with appropriations and authorization for the future running well toward two billion dollars.

In a statement issued following the adjournment of Congress, the President called attention to the "helpful and humane legislation" passed and declared that while he regretted additional legislation dealing with the recent dispute between the railroads and their employes had not been completed he had every reason to believe the question would be taken up immediately after Congress reassembled.

Text of Statement.

The President's statement follows: "A very remarkable session of Congress has just closed, full as all recent sessions of the Congress have been of helpful and humane legislation which constitutes continuation of capital importance to the defense, the economy of progress and the wholesome life of the country.

"It is to be regretted that the session could not have continued long enough to complete the program recently projected with regard to the accommodation of labor disputes between the railroads and the employes, but it was not feasible in the circumstances to continue the session any longer, and therefore only the most immediate pressing parts of the program could be completed.

The rest, it is agreed, has merely been postponed until it can be more maturely deliberated and perfected. I have every reason to believe that it is the purpose of the leaders of Congress immediately upon the reassembling of Congress to undertake this additional legislation.

It is evident that the country

should be relieved of the anxiety

which must have been created

by recent events with regard to the future accommodation of such disputes."

Nearly "Two Billion Congress." Recapitulation of the nine months' work shows that there has been appropriated for 1917 for expenditures of the Government more than \$1,600,000,000. The exact figures are \$1,626,489,210, which, with obligations and authorizations for the future, makes the total \$1,856,384,485.

These figures, announced in speeches by Representatives Fitzgerald, new York, Reed, and Gillett, Massachusetts, Republicans, and by the former and attacked by the latter as \$600,000 greater than an session of a Republican Congress, admitted that the Republicans answered Republican taunts of a "two-billion Congress" with declarations that the United States is a two-million-dollar country.

A resolution by Senator Curtis of Kansas, directing the Senate Lobby Committee to investigate the activities of the alleged foreign lobby opposing retaliatory provisions of the revenue bill against Canadian fisheries was passed today.

The resolution was adopted after the Senate had disposed of a similar resolution by referring it to a committee. The new resolution adopted provides for a report at the next session of Congress.

Senator Reed, Democrat, a member of the Lobby Committee, said he believed it was high time for the American Government to show other nations that it regarded as offensive any efforts to influence legislation in Congress.

Senator Lewis, Democrat, urged if anything should be investigated it should be the recent demands of Japan on China. He declared that apparently they were in retaliation to the attitude of his country toward aggression of the Japanese. Russia, he said, was a party to the abrogation of the American commercial treaty.

Senate in Session Early. The Senate began its session at 8 a.m., following a recess at 8 a.m., upon adjournment of the emergency revenue bill. At the outset Senator James Hamilton Lewis sought to have passed the Spanish War Smith's pension bill. Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia announced that such a measure could not pass for several years if he could present it.

When the House adjourned at 8:30 a.m. Speaker Clark, Democrat, Leader Kitchin, Republican Leader Mann and a small number of members on both sides were on the floor. Speaker Clark, addressing the House, referred to the session of Congress as long, tedious and laborious.

"No session of Congress in my recollection," he said, "stayed in session so many days and worked so many hours." "Am the only man," the Speaker went on and applause, "to know of who bravely takes up cudgels for Congress. It is a strange predicament that we are in this country. Nearly everybody would like an office; many run for office. The records show that the jar contains the ashes of Hans H. Schultz, 28 years old, who was cremated Feb. 1, 1916. Unless Mrs. Schultz calls for the jar it will be buried in a few days.

FAIR TONIGHT AND TOMORROW, TEMPERATURE ABOUT SAME

THE TEMPERATURES.

8 a. m. 72° 11 a. m. 72°
7 a. m. 70 12 noon 74
9 a. m. 72

Humidity at 7 a. m. today, 90 per cent.

THE STRAW HAT IS IN LAST DIVISION.



Stage of the river, 45 feet; no change.

JOHN D'S JOKE ON BARBER IS A 'SIDE SPLITTER' FOR THE LINKS

Perhaps the "Tonsorial Artist" is the Only One Who Doesn't See the Point.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 8.—A friend, who plays golf with John D. Rockefeller, reading that Rockefeller has a pure water supply in Tarrytown, this morning told of a joke that the oil king played on the barber.

After the barber had shaved Rockefeller, took off his arm and after a while, to take an automobile ride. They went to Manhattan Rock and Rockefeller asked the barber if he would like a drink. The barber assured Rockefeller that he would be delighted.

"Well, you wait till we get back to the house," John D. said. "I've got a fine cold drink back there for you."

All the way home the barber had visions of a cold bottle of beer and Rockefeller encouraged his imagination by remarking that he would be glad when he got back home so he could stand treat.

When the car stopped in front of the Rockefeller home, John D. called me a pitcher and go up to the spring and get us a glass of that pure, cold water.

The barber, whose name was Schmitzberger, nearly collapsed.

WHITE MAN WRITES OF VISIT TO TRIBE OF BLOND ESKIMOS

Missionary Says He Found Mysterious People Near in Arctic Zone.

SASKATOON, Sask., Sept. 8.—The tribe of blond Eskimos to Harry V. Radford of New York, the daring explorer, reported he had found on Coronation Bluff, far in the Arctic zone, have again been visited by a white man. In a letter received today from the Rev. H. Girling of Emmanuel College by the Rev. Dr. Carpenter, principal of the college, the missionary announced he reached the tribe October 10, 1915, and remained with them some time. He asserts he is the first white man to dwell among the new found people, who since their discovery have constituted an ethnological mystery and formed the goal of unsuccessful expeditions.

The letter was dated last December from "Camp Necessity," 10 miles from the blond tribe, the first of whom the missionary said he found about 10 miles east of Coburn Point. Girling said the language of the fair skinned race has only a dialectic difference from that of the Mackenzie River Eskimos.

SOLOMON HEIRS WANT \$660,000 HE GAVE TO GEN. WASHINGTON

Congress Once Ordered the Money Returned to Patriot's Son but He Died.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 8.—The heirs of Hyman Solomon of Philadelphia, a Jewish patriot who, more than 140 years ago, gave George Washington \$660,000 to help him in the Revolution, will petition Congress to restore them the money. Many years after Solomon died Congress ordered the money refunded to his son, Hyman II. The papers reached him on Jewish Sabbath. He declined to sign them until Monday, as he was strictly orthodox. The next day he fell dead.

The heirs are Mrs. Isaac Cole of Baltimore, a great-granddaughter of Solomon, and a daughter of the late Eugene Jackson, New York; Mrs. W. A. Lottimer, matron of the General Memorial Hospital of New York, who is a half sister of Mrs. Cole; also her two sisters, Mrs. A. B. Johnson of Boston and Mrs. D. G. Long of Virginia; Mrs. Clarence Isaacs, 100 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York; Mrs. W. W. Jones, New York, and Mrs. H. C. Culver, New York. Solomon's wife was Rachael Frank, sister of Col. Jacob Frank of the revolutionary army.

HUSBAND'S ASHES LEFT BEHIND

Woman Moves Without Taking Jar From Mantlepiece.

Mrs. Graham of 282 Washington avenue called up the Health Department yesterday and complained that Mrs. Schmitzberger moved away from the Washington avenue house two weeks and had left behind the ashes of her husband. Mrs. Graham hoped the Health Department would do something about it.

Edward Smith was sent out and found a gallon jar of ashes on the mantel and took it to the Health Department office. The records show that the jar contains the ashes of Hans H. Schultz, 28 years old, who was cremated Feb. 1, 1916. Unless Mrs. Schultz calls for the jar it will be buried in a few days.

From Page 4, Column 4.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With Associated Press News Service

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 8, 1916—20 PAGES.

PRICE ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION
FINANCIAL MARKETS
SPORTS

New York Lawyer Slain in Park and the Girl Who Was With Him



INVADERS TAKE FOUR MORE TOWNS IN EAST RUMANIA

Bulgarians and Germans Capture Fortress of Dobrich and Three Seaports in the District Northeast of Varna.

Russians Reported to Have Begun Offensive in Rumania—Rumanians Continue Advance in Hungary.

French Repulse Violent German Attacks on Their New Positions South of Somme and at Verdun.

By Associated Press.
LONDON, Sept. 8.—An undated official Bulgarian report received here today says that the Bulgarian and German forces which are invading Eastern Rumania have captured the fortress of Dobrich (Dobratchik) and the seaports of Baltik, Kavarna and Kali Akra. The occupation of Orsova (in Hungary north of the Iron Gate) by the Rumanians is conceded in the Bulgarian statement.

The towns captured by the Bulgarians and Germans are in the district north and northeast of the Bulgarian port of Varna, which Rumania won from Bulgaria after the second Balkan war.

GREAT BATTLE REPORTED BEGUN IN RUMANIA

Russians Said to Have Opened Big Offensive Against Bulgarians and Germans.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The beginning of a great battle in Southeastern Rumania, where the Russians have taken the offensive against the Bulgarians and Germans, is reported in a Rome dispatch given out by the Wireless Press.

The struggle is now under way over the whole front in Dobrogea, between the Danube and the Black Sea. Fighting is desperate near Balki on the Black Sea coast, about ten miles north of the Bulgarian frontier.

This information, the wireless dispatch says, was received in Rome from Petrograd.

Germans Violently Attack French Position South of Somme.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—Renewed and particularly violent attacks were made by the Germans on the Somme front last night in an effort to regain ground won by the French. The War Office announced today that the German assaults were futile, the French holding their ground everywhere.

The German attacks were made in strong force on the front between Berry and Chaulnes, south of the Somme. Fighting was especially heavy between Vermandovillers and Chaulnes. The Germans preceded their infantry assaults with intense bombardments.

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To this end the American commission sought to know what plan of co-operation the British and French had made. No plan, even of a tentative nature, had yet been adopted, he said.

Statement Issued. The following statement was issued:

"This morning's session was devoted to consideration of plans respecting the mutual protection of the border. It was explained by the members of the drivers' union said to day that the increase to \$2 to \$25 a month and the average increase would be about \$15. The Grafeman men, said formerly made \$40 to \$50 a month.

Father Timothy Dempsey, volunteer mediator, renewed his efforts to settle the strike, and sought to bring about a conference of the drivers' representatives with the dairymen's representatives.

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To this end the American commission sought to know what plan of co-operation the British and French had made.

Consideration was given to plans already taken under advisement by Gens. Scott and Obregon, and to the plan of forming a line of troops along each side of the border which would supplement each other and a distinct agreement as to co-operation.

The excitement in Mexico aroused by the presence of the American troops and by their long march southward was said to have been produced by the size of the force and especially by the presence of artillery.

Two Ports in German East Africa Given Back to Britain.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The parts of Kilwa Kivinje and Kilwa Kisiwani, in German East Africa, respectively 150 and 175 miles south of Dar-Es-Salaam, have surrendered to the British under threat of a bombardment, according to an official statement giving details of the recent surrender of Dar-Es-Salaam. The statement says:

"At dawn of the third of September a naval attack by British forces in whalers, in conjunction with a heavy bombardment of enemy positions north of the town from the direction of Mombasa, was followed by landing at Konduchi and in Massani Bay. The enemy evacuated Dar-Es-Salaam, which was occupied by combined naval and military forces, the British colors being hoisted with full honors. The town, except for the portions occupied by the German troops, was virtually unoccupied.

British Aeroplane Lost in Raid 30 Miles From Brussels.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A British aeroplane was lost yesterday in a raid over Brussels.

"Yesterday afternoon naval aeroplanes attacked the enemy aerodromes at St. Denis," says an official statement issued here today. "A large number of bombs were dropped with good effect. One of our machines failed to return."

Tenant seeking advertising work. During the first seven months of 1916 the Post-Dispatch printed 6,000 House.

Order Your Copy Today

PRESIDENT DOES NOT PLAN TO MAKE POLITICAL TOURS

Tells Senator Huston He Intends to Speak Only Before Non-Partisan Organizations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—President Wilson told Senator Huston of Wisconsin today that his present plan was to make speeches only before nonpartisan organizations during the campaign. He did not include addresses he will make before delegations which will be received at Long Branch, N. J.

Senator Huston asked the President to speak in Wisconsin, but Mr. Wilson replied that he had no present intention of making political speeches in different parts of the country.

NAVY COMMANDER SUED ON PATENT BY GUNNER'S MATE

Inventor of Self-Registering Target, in Use by the Government, is in Controversy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 8.—Commander M. St. Clair Ellis, stationed at Mare Island Navy Yard, yesterday was sued by A. C. Lentile of Norfolk, Va., a former gunner's mate for a half interest in a patent on a self-registering target adopted by the United States Government.

Police Capt. Wines and Assistant District Attorney Quigley found the woman witness after investigating a statement which came from a woman living in the Van Cortlandt Park section of the Bronx, that she heard the witness say she had seen the shooting.

Necessary evidence was given by a young woman, who said under examination that she saw the shooting and that the revolver was held by a woman whom she described to the authorities.

Police Capt. Wines and Assistant District Attorney Quigley found the woman witness after investigating a statement which came from a woman living in the Van Cortlandt Park section of the Bronx, that she heard the witness say she had seen the shooting.

When the woman named was taken to the King's Bridge Police Station she at first denied that she was near Lovers Lane, where Dilworth was killed, but after she was led into the room where the woman who gave the first clue consented to make a complete statement, she said she had seen the shooting.

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carried out under anti-aircraft fire of the heaviest description, but the pilot returned safely."

Romanians at Turzii Kai Either Had to Surrender or Be Annihilated. LONDON, Sept. 8.—In explanation of the capture of the Romanian garrison of more than 20,000 at Turzii Kai, Seda dispatch to the *Vossische Zeitung* received here by way of Copenhagen says that the Romanians were prevented from retreating across the Danube by the violent artillery fire of the attacking forces, it became a case of annihilation or surrender and the garrison surrendered.

Heavy air raids were renewed Tuesday, according to a Reuter Bucharest dispatch, against Bucharest, Ploesti, Constanza (Kustendje), Platra, Naszatu and Bechet. The public demands reprisals against enemy subjects, the dispatch adds.

Violent Artillery Fighting Under Way in Greek Macedonia.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—Violent artillery fighting is under way on the front in Greek Macedonia, the dispatches announced today. The principal engagements are in progress on the Struma front in the region of Mount Beles and in the vicinity of Lake Doiran.

British Raid German Trenches South of Gutsack.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—British troops southwest of Lille last night raided the German trenches southeast of Gutsack and near Flichebourg l'Avoue, inflicting severe losses on their occupants, says the British official statement issued this afternoon.

Berlin Declares French Were Repulsed South of the Somme.

BERLIN, via London, Sept. 8.—French and German troops were again engaged in infantry fighting in the region south of the Somme, says the official statement issued to day by the army headquarters staff. The French were repulsed with great losses with the exception of a point to the west of Berny, where, the statement adds, some portions of trenches remained in the hands of the French.

Vienna Tells of Withdrawal of Austrian Troops on Two Fronts.

VIENNA, via London, Sept. 8.—An official statement issued yesterday said:

"Rumanian front—near Olah Toplitz (at the junction of the Maros and Toplitz rivers, 20 miles west of the Rumanian border).—To avoid a threatened envelopment our troops have been withdrawn to the heights of the top of the mountain.

"Russian front.—In connection with the fighting described yesterday between Zlata Lipa and the Danziger, our troops have been removed to prepared positions."

Russians North of Dvinsk Hold Caputured Posts.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 8.—Russian troops which have crossed the Dvina River north of Dvinsk, were attacked repeatedly by the Germans yesterday, but succeeded in holding the captured positions.

In the sector southeast of Lemberg the Austro-German forces have made a further retreat, the statement says, falling back to the western bank of the Guta Lipa River.

Two Steamers Sink; Crew of British Ships Saved.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The British steamer *Strathay* and the Ellerman Line steamer *Tagan* have been sunk. The crew of the *Strathay* was saved.

The *Strathay* sailed from New York Aug. 22 for Havre. She was 370 feet long, of 428 tons gross, and was owned in Glasgow. While at her dock in New York in July of 1915 an attempt was made to destroy her, fire bombs being thrown concealed in the hold. The *Tagan* was of 227 tons gross.

AUTHOR SAYS GERMANY WILL BEGIN TO 'SQUEAL' IN NOVEMBER

H. G. Wells, Back From the Front, Declares the War Will End in Seven Months.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—H. G. Wells, author, who has just returned from the Italian and French fronts, declares, in an interview in the *Victorine*, his belief that the Germans will begin to "squeal" in November. He also says the war will end in seven months because of the marvelous organization along the western front, the allies' mastery of the air, due to the French excellency in photography from aeroplanes, and, finally, because of the superiority of the allied armies that will enable the allies to batter the German trenches to pieces, thus enabling the infantry to charge without suffering heavy losses. Wells says the Italians can take Trieste in two weeks if they wish, but, instead, are developing their offensive toward the north from Gorizia. The Austrians dare not bombard Gorizia because of the large population of Austrians still there.

A Tremendous Thursday

Yesterday, the Post-Dispatch exceeded all 3 of its nearest competitors combined, by

23 Cols.

in volume of St. Louis store news carried, viz:

Post-Dispatch alone.... 77 Cols.
Globe-Democrat, Republic and Times all added.... 54 Cols.

St. Louis advertisers place their confidence and main reliance in St. Louis' "ONE BIG NEWS PAPER," as they did again Thursday.

WHY?
Circulation that always brings quick and profitable results.

Average for the first eight months 1916:
Sunday only..... 362,755
Daily average..... 206,511

"First in Everything."

WILD SCENES IN HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENT OVER ENTRANCE OF RUMANIA INTO THE WAR

Correspondent Describes Session in Which Opposition Demanded Abdication of Government—Premier Tisza Speaks Despite Derisive Yells.

By KARL H. VON WIEGAND.

A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch and New York World. BUDAPEST, Sept. 5, via Berlin and London, Sept. 8.—Dark were the clouds that hung over the Hungarian Parliament when it reconvened today and red gleamed the anger of the people against the Government as reflected by a large portion of the House.

A company chose and refrained, "Abdicate! Abdicate! Get out! You have betrayed the Fatherland!" greeted Premier Tisza in what was one of the wildest and most tumultuous sessions in years, even in the most uncommon tempestuous Hungarian Parliament. The Karolyi, Apponyi, Justh and Andrasz parties, but more especially Karolyi and Justh, hurled accusations after accusations at Tisza that the Hungarian nation had been deceived and misled as to the imminence of the Rumanian entrance into the war and charged that the Government and its diplomacy had been the dupe of Rumanian cunning, which had brought so much misery, suffering and loss to the people of Hungary, and the section of Hungary, where thousands of citizens were suddenly compelled to flee before the unexpected invasion when they had considered themselves secure under Tisza's assurances of Aug. 24.

Count Csarnin, the Austro-Hungarian Minister at Bucharest, was called a traitor. Count Tisza, in his part, frankly admitted that every branch in the Government, diplomatic and military, had been misled and deceived by Rumania. He fell back upon the "reliance placed in a King's word," and expressed the hope that "with God's help Rumania would not escape its fate."

Count Tisza appealed for unity on the part of the Hungarian people in this grave hour and in this was seconded by Count Apponyi and Andrasz, despite their scathing criticism. The balconies of the assembly chamber were jammed with people.

"Abdicate!" Yells Oppose.

Count Tisza's efforts to cause some agreement between the Government and the opposition continued until almost midnight yesterday, but failed except in so far as an understanding was reached with the followers of Apponyi and Andrasz that today's debate be held within certain bounds.

The stately Parliament guard on duty in the corridors, in burnished steel helmets, with long swords and automatic pistols, and the attendants in high, stiff, pointed hats, red trousers and green and gold coats made a picturesque scene. The moment the Foreign Minister who, in the absence of Francis Joseph at Vienna, practically rules Hungary, entered the chamber to take his seat with his party, the tensity snapped like an overtight string. The bedlam broke loose in a veritable storm of shrieks and cries from the left of the House, led by Karolyi: "Abdicate! Abdicate! Abdicate! Get out! Pack up! Our country is going to ruin under you! You betrayed the Fatherland!"

To the uninitiated, unacquainted with the Hungarian Parliament and its tumultuous and temperamental ways, it would have appeared that these fiercely contending Magyars were about to do the Parthenon to pieces, and that a revolution was on. So it seemed to another foreign correspondent standing by my side in the press box, which is down on the main floor.

"That's the collapse," he remarked. But it wasn't. It was merely the tempestuous Hungarian way, and that is one of the reasons why Tisza, like his father, a champion duellist, has held his post. At that it was the unloading of a storm gathering in the supercharged atmosphere of the latter days.

President von Bothy, the presiding officer, succeeded in having the roll called. Tisza arose to speak. It was the signal for a renewal of bedlam.

Count Apponyi, a very dignified figure, made a strong speech, an appeal for unity in this hour. He, too, was held, had many sharp critics in what the Government had done, but this was not the time for that, when the nation ought by united effort to concentrate all its energies on the defense and preservation of the Fatherland. He dwelt as an example on the Prussian officers in Galicia, who had done away with themselves and personal attendants to wait upon them and cleaned their shoes and their clothes themselves.

Count Andrasz, who strongly resembles former Ambassador Bryce, speaking for the Constitutional party, declared he too, would keep his criticism within patriotic bounds at this time, but directed his attacks principally against Burian's foreign policy. He said:

"In other cases where people considered themselves even half to belong to civilized nations it was customary for hostilities to be preceded by certain diplomatic usages, such as negotiations, demands or notice of intentions, and they at least tried to keep outward appearance within the diplomatic usages of civilized nations. Such, however, was not the case with Rumania."

At that an outburst of disapproval broke more furiously than ever, above which Justh could be heard: "You allowed them to give you one under the ear! You don't belong in the chair of Foreign Minister!"

The violence of the Karolyi carriers culminated with them, Count Andrasz his father, most as white as his pointed beard, sat quietly, but the tumult was beginning to affect even his followers and seemed to threaten to engulf them.

Count Andrasz, who strongly resembles former Ambassador Bryce, speaking for the Constitutional party, declared he too, would keep his criticism within patriotic bounds at this time, but directed his attacks principally against Burian's foreign policy. He said:

"War is not a duel."

"I will not at this time take up in detail the numerous mistakes made by the Government, especially in the direction of foreign affairs, from the fiasco of the present crisis."

Andrasz expressed doubt whether the fact that Rumania succeeded in deceiving and misleading the Government, or that Germany was misled, as well as Austria-Hungary, was a legitimate excuse. He declared it was not customary for an enemy to announce his intentions pointed out that Japan began war on Russia without a formal declaration of war preceding, and that Germany, immediately upon her declaration, marched into Belgium.

"We had a duel, where the contact, blow and parries of arms are fixed for certain hours," he said.

Andrasz demanded to know why Austria-Hungary had not taken measures against a possible surprise, convinced that if Rumania had attempted to invade Germany she would get a different reception, and that if she had crossed Bulgaria she would have found a prepared nation and received a bloody lesson.

"The situation is grave, but absolutely

STRIKE CRIPPLES ONLY THE SURFACE LINES IN NEW YORK

Subways and Elevated Railroads Are Running on About Normal Schedule.

3500 STRIKE BREAKERS

All Street Cars Getting Back to Normal Schedules, Management Declares.

CARRIES HEAVY PENALTY

Merchant Violating President's Decree Liable to \$50,000 Fine and Imprisonment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—With subways and elevated lines being operated apparently on normal schedule, traction officials insisted today that New York's strike had been broken. Fifty per cent of the "green cars" of the New York Railways Co.'s surface system were running, the company announced and Police Department reports indicated that the walkout was not having a widespread effect.

Union leaders said at noon that 3500 men were on strike on the subways and elevated roads and 4000 men on the "green car system."

With the strike still on, it was started again at 5 o'clock this morning. The situation was in charge of James T. Waddell, in charge of the strikebreakers. Waddell came here from Chicago last night making the run by special train in 20 hours. He promised to crush the strike in 48 hours.

Has 3500 Strike Breakers.

"We have 3500 strikebreakers here," said Waddell, "and 2700 of these are now working. They are more than enough to control the situation."

A number of elevated trains were attacked during the early morning, but in no case was there any approach to a mob riot. Strike sympathizers on the platforms of tenement houses bombarded the trains with bottles and bricks and in one instance with pistol shots.

Several of the strikebreakers got.

None of the bulletins took effect, but several passengers were cut by missiles and broken glass. The police surrounded the blocks from which the missiles came and searched the roofs, but made only a few arrests.

Rumors of a plot to blow up the subway caused the police to maintain a watch at every underground station, but the subway trains ran during the night and early morning without molestation.

The strike thus far, according to Waddell, has cost the traction company \$300,000.

Admits Being Deceived.

Then for the first time his voice raised above the usual monotone, and the man who is undoubtedly greatest in the dual monarchy, in clear, sharp, incisive tones and staccato-like sentences that began to reveal the steel and iron under the velvet, held the floor with a ringing voice.

He characterized Rumania's action as unprecedented in history, having been preceded neither by formulated demands nor a notice denouncing the alliance that existed between Rumania and Austro-Hungary until "rifles were already crackling on the border."

With amazing candor he admitted that the Central Powers had been foisted by Rumania's diplomatic craftiness.

"Rumania," Tisza reiterated, "misled all the diplomatic and military factors and elements of the allied states."

"That's no excuse," was the keynote of the outburst that followed. Tisza declared that the central Powers had agreed upon certain preparations for the eventual entrance of Rumania against them, and that these preparations were on. So it seemed to another foreign correspondent standing by my side in the press box, which is down on the main floor.

"That's the collapse," he remarked. But it wasn't. It was merely the tempestuous Hungarian way, and that is one of the reasons why Tisza, like his father, a champion duellist, has held his post. At that it was the unloading of a storm gathering in the supercharged atmosphere of the latter days.

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"War is not a duel."

"I will not at this time take up in detail the numerous mistakes made by the Government, especially in the direction of foreign affairs, from the fiasco of the present crisis."

Andrasz expressed doubt whether the fact that Rumania succeeded in deceiving and misleading the Government, or that Germany was misled, as well as Austria-Hungary, was a legitimate excuse. He declared it was not customary for an enemy to announce his intentions pointed out that Japan began war on Russia without a formal declaration of war preceding, and that Germany, immediately upon her declaration, marched into Belgium.

"We had a duel, where the contact, blow and parries of arms are fixed for certain hours," he said.

Andrasz demanded to know why Austria-Hungary had not taken measures against a possible surprise, convinced that if Rumania had attempted to invade Germany she would get a different reception, and that if she had crossed Bulgaria she would have found a prepared nation and received a bloody lesson.

"The situation is grave, but absolutely

RETALIATORY LAW GIVES PRESIDENT SWEEPING POWER

If Nation at War Discriminates Against Americans Executive May Prohibit Imports.

3500 STRIKE BREAKERS

All Street Cars Getting Back to Normal Schedules, Management Declares.

CARRIES HEAVY PENALTY

Merchant Violating President's Decree Liable to \$50,000 Fine and Imprisonment.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Authority to take drastic retaliatory steps against American commerce by belligerents in the European war are contained in the emergency revenue bill as finally approved. The provisions put into the measure in the Senate at the suggestion of the State Department, were re-written by the Conference Committee, but their general effect was unchanged.

As finally agreed upon, the first of the retaliatory authorizations reads:

"Whenever any country, dependency, or colony shall prohibit the importation of any article the product of the soil or industry of the United States and not injurious to health or morals, the President shall have power to prohibit, during the period such prohibition is in force, the importation into the United States of similar articles, or in case of similar articles, the exportation from the United States of such articles."

Power of President.

"That whenever during the existence of a war in which the United States is not engaged the President shall be satisfied that there is reasonable ground to believe that under the laws, regulations or practice of nations, the importation into their own or any other country, dependency, or colony of any article, the product of the soil or industry of the United States and not injurious to health or morals is prohibited or restricted by the laws of the United States, and the President shall have power to prohibit, during the period such prohibition is in force, the importation into the United States of similar or other articles, products of such country, dependency, or colony as in his opinion the public interest may require; and in such case he shall make proclamation stating the article or articles which are prohibited from importation into the United States, and any person or persons who shall import or attempt or conspire to import or be concerned in importing, such article or articles into the United States, or who shall import or attempt to import or be concerned in the exportation of such article or articles, shall be fined a fine of not less than \$3000 nor more than \$50,000, or to imprisonment not to exceed two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. The President may change, modify, revoke or renew such proclamation in his discretion, and he shall make proclamation that the Central Powers are held responsible for grave mistakes in retiring from the war."

NOT SUPPORT CANDIDATES

mingly Refuse Men Favor-
ment.

J. Sept. 8.—The Woman Suffrage in today deferred to vote a resolution national candidates for national their support to the B. Anthony general constitutional

offered by Mrs. Chicago and a

official officers the much the same here are state-wide two candidates re-

for any one of the election ballot

tomorrow, election the women

and for negates his been

Mrs. Curtis

president of the

in New York a

full ticket in

been adopted that

electing at from carrying on favorite candidates

polling place.

of three officers they will retire, expect to be re-

in Barred Mrs.

McNally Miller of the elected first vice

Mrs. Frank M.

Pa. Mrs. Thomas

Tuckey is said to

assessor of Mrs. Miller

the convention re-

form, outlining its

securing the sub-

stitutional suffrage amend-

legislatures for rat-

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held in March or

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Miners' Wages More Than Doubled.

NEWCASTLE, England, Sept. 8.—Durham miners' wages have again been increased this time by 13% per cent, making them 10% per cent above normal.

NO MONEY DOWN

\$1.00 A WEEK

606 North  Broadway 606 North Broadway

ANNOUNCEMENT!

We are ready, in our new store at 606 North Broadway, near Washington Avenue, to show you the largest assortment of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Clothing in the city and to extend the most liberal credit at the lowest prices.

Open Until 10 P. M. Saturdays and Until 7 P. M. Mondays

HOYLE & RARICK CLOTHING CO.
606 NORTH BROADWAY

DIAMONDS WATCHES ON CREDIT

SPECIAL BARGAIN PRICES
EXTRA EASY CREDIT TERMS
17-JEWEL ELGIN WATCH



Open Daily Till 8 p. m., Saturday
Till 9:30. Call or Write for Catalog No. 905. Phone Central 5052 or Main 97 and Our Salesmen Will Call.

LOFTIS THE NATIONAL CREDIT JEWELERS
BROS & CO. 1553 2nd Floor Carlton Bldg.
246 W. 18th St., St. Louis

After Vacation Peel Your Discolored Skin

Women returning from the seaside will be wise in immediately taking up the mercurized wax treatment. Weather-beaten skin had best come off, for no amount of "beautifying" will ever make such skin pretty to look at. The most safest, easiest way to shed the discolored cuticle is with this treatment suggested. But the wax on before retiring, as you would cold cream, and rinse it off next morning with warm water. Minute particles of scarf skin will be removed gradually until the healthy, youthful skin beneath. One ounce of mercurized wax, obtainable at any drug store, is enough to make any discolored or spotted complexion clear, white and satiny soft. Its action is so gentle no harm is caused and the face is left smooth and soft.

During heat, irritating winds and dirt are such wrinkle-makers that the daily use of this growingly popular lotion at this season is highly advised.

Powered salolite, one ounce, dissolved in a face bath this is splendid wrinkle remover and preventive—ADV.

Beautify the Complexion

TEN DAYS
Nadinola CREAM
The Unsung Beaufituer
USED AND ENDORSED
BY THOUSANDS
Guaranteed to remove tan, freckles, pimplies, liver spots, etc. Extreme cases about twenty days. Rids pores and tissues of impurities. Leaves the skin clear, soft, healthy. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00. By toilet counters or mail. NATIONAL TOILET CO., Parts, Tens. Sold by Wolff-Wilson Drug Co. and other Toilet Counters.

WHEN FATHER COMPLAINS

Of the cook's lack of skill, and mother is worried until she is ill, the easiest way to make them both glad is to get a good cook through a Post-Dispatch ad.

Please your want to the Post-Dispatch. Your credit is good if you rent a phone. Call Olive—6000—Central. Or the druggist will phone the ad.

Williams

\$2 ARCH SUPPORTS
\$1.25

Sixth and Franklin
"Our Location Saves You Money"

WE GIVE
EAGLE
STAMPS

Open Saturday Until 10 P. M.

Men's Golf Shoes, \$4.00

Every golf player should see these fine Shoes. Pattern absolutely correct, easy walking last, spikes clinched by special process. Cannot come out. Tan leather, soft and easy as a glove. The usual price for shoes of this quality is \$6.00 to \$8.00. To introduce them quickly to the golf players of this city, we are making this initial low price.

Men's Nullifiers

Regular \$2.00 Value

Tan or black, vicuña kid, hand-sewed soles, flexible and easy as a glove; special price.

\$1.59

Men's Comfort Shoes

Lace or Congress

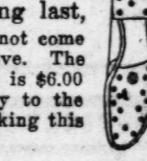
Genuine vicuña kid, plain toe, hand-sewed well-sewed soles, instant relief to tired, aching feet. Our special price,

\$3.00

Men's HEAVY WORK Shoes

An unusual purchase enables us to quote to the working men of St. Louis these \$2.50 to \$3.00 values, in genuine "CHROME" upper leather, oak sole Work Shoes, in tan or black, at the special price of.....

(All Sizes, 6 to 12)



Boys' "English" Shoes

New Fall style for boys. Black calf, navy English leather last; special sale.

\$2.50

Boys' School Shoes

"Everwear Chrome" leather soles; the best leather last; boys' shoes; regular \$2.50 values; on special sale.

\$2.25

Sizes 10 to 12½—
\$1.75

"Schoolmate" Shoes FOR BOYS

Gummetal, Button and Lace, with solid oak soles.

\$1.59

Boys' "Special" Shoes

The greatest value ever offered at these prices. Gummetal, Button, with solid oak soles.

\$1.75

Boys', Sizes 1 to 6—
\$1.75



Little Men's 9 to 12½—
\$1.59

"Elk-Sole" Shoes FOR MEN

The most durable light-weight work Shoe for men and the best-wearing everyday shoe for boys manufactured. Made specially for us of soft "CHROME" leather—waterproof soles.

Men's 6 to 11—
\$2.00



Boys', 1 to 6—
\$1.75

Little Men's 9 to 12½—
\$1.59

Boys', 1 to 6—
\$1.75

Little Men's 9 to 12½—
\$1.59

Boys', 1 to 6—
\$1.75

Little Men's 9 to 12½—
\$1.59

Boys', 1 to 6—
\$1.75

Little Men's 9 to 12½—
\$1.59

Boys', 1 to 6—
\$1.75

Congress Ends

Session; Spent

\$1,856,384,485

Confined From Page One.

about those who do not the office. I think that the reason that they have on Congress is that it is impersonal and does not hurt anyone's feelings in particular. Some day I am going to take a whole hour to discuss the relations of the American Congress to the American people.

The President reached the Capitol at 9 a. m. and signed the revenue bill at 9:25 o'clock in the presence of Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance Committee, and Representative Rainey of the Ways and Means Committee.

President Holds Reception.

The President held a reception in his room as a line of Senators and Representatives passed through, while he sat at the table signing bills. To Senator Simmons the President expressed gratification over the passage of the revenue bill and its many legislative features. He said, however, that he regretted regretted the failure to pass the Webb bill to provide for establishment of American collective selling agencies in foreign countries.

As the President was about to sign the 200 widows' pension bill, with Representative Ashbrook of Ohio, its sponsor, on his side, Senators Smith of Georgia and Bryan of Florida, who opposed it vigorously until the last minute, entered the President's room and Ashbrook asked them to witness the signature. The President smiled as the two Senators hurried away.

At 9:30 o'clock the Senate appointed Senators Kern and Smoot to notify the President that Congress was ready to adjourn unless he had some further communication to present. They were joined by Representatives Kitchin, Fitzgerald and others of the House committee and the joint committee waited on the President at 9:45 a. m.

The President congratulated the leaders on the opportunity for a "well-earned rest." Officially he informed them that he had nothing further to communicate to the Congress. When they left the President's room the chief executive was joined by Secretary Lansing, who chatted with him as he continued to sign bills.

Senator Kern notified the Senate at 9:45 o'clock that the President had nothing further to communicate. Thereupon Senator Nelson of Minnesota offered a resolution of thanks to the Vice President for his impartial conduct in presiding over the Senate. The resolution was adopted and the Vice President thanked the Senate in a brief address.

The Vice President said: "When I assumed the duties of this office I thought it would be a terrible think to keep silent, but I will. I like here the more I think it is wiser to keep silent. We are not here to leave here, some of us to point with pride and others to view with alarm, but I hope when we all have come back we will have forgotten the animosities of the campaign and will remember that we are good friends."

The Senate then adjourned sine die at 9:59. Revenue Bill Accepted.

Last night both houses accepted the conference report on the emergency revenue bill without record votes and the Senate, before recessing, an hour after midnight, ratified the Danish West Indies purchase treaty. The general deficiencies appropriation bill was also was approved as reported by conference.

The revenue bill contains drastic provisions empowering the President to retaliate against foreign interference, with American commerce, creates a non-discriminatory tariff commission to encourage their manufacture in the United States, provides means to prevent dumping of cheap foreign-made goods into American markets after the war and provides for income, inheritance, munitions, corporation stock, liquor and miscellaneous internal revenue taxes.

Vigorous Protest Made.

During consideration of the report in the Senate Senator Chamberlain of Oregon protested vigorously against elimination by the Conference Committee of a retaliatory provision against Canadian control of Pacific Coast fisheries, and Representative Gardner of Massachusetts enlivened the House with bitter denunciation of the retaliatory provision against foreign interference with American commerce.

Gardner charged Congress with hypocrisy, and his criticisms of the administration roused the ire of some of the Democrats, two of whom, Representative Decker of Missouri and Cullop of Indiana, made speeches in reply. Representative Bennet of New York, Republican, said he disagreed with both Representatives Gardner and Decker, but that there were questions of patriotic honor which arose above partisanship.

Representative Decker, amid rounds of Democratic applause, demanded God that they win the White House. A President who was willing to resort to negotiations before resorting to the sword. He suggested that the views of Gardner and of Col. Roosevelt were proly.

"You claim to be devoted to humanity and to despise commercialism," said Gardner. "Why don't you pass an amendment refusing American harbors to Germany's interned ships until she repudiates the Lusitania crime? These retaliatory amendments would be looked upon all over the world as a blow in support of Germany's ugly cause. What has Congress done? Your only protests have been aimed at the allies who are fighting our fight and the fight of civilization."

Where Taxes Will Be Laid.

The revenue provisions of the bill include a general income tax of a per cent with increased surtaxes; an inheritance tax, a tax of 12½ per cent on net profits of munitions manufacturers; a license tax of 50 cents on each \$100 stock of corporations capitalized in excess of \$20,000; wine, beer and liquor taxes, brokers' taxes and a re-enactment of the theater and amusement taxes of the existing war revenue.

All stamp taxes in the present law are repealed and all that were included in this bill were eliminated in conference. These were regarded as popularity obnoxious."

Don't Wait to Save Up Cash.

Special sales begin Sept. 10th.

Brook & Co., 1553, 2nd Fl., St. Louis.

St. Louis, Kansas City, Cincinnati, Detroit.

Kline's
606-608 Washington Av., Thru to Sixth St.

A most complete stock
of new styles in Furs
in our Fur Department—Main
Floor.

New Georgette Waists

Saturday we are featuring new Fall models in georgette Waists. The recognized superiority of Kline Blouses at \$5 should make this event of unusual interest to you. Beautiful creations in georgette, daintily trimmed in lace and embroidery and in many new style ideas, including pretty frill effects, comprise the offer. All desirable colors, including the darker "suit" shades, will be found in this collection at.....

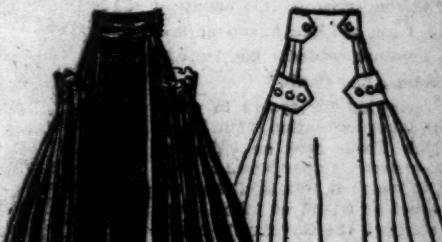
Also
Many delightful new styles in voiles, organdies, crepe de chine and georgette
—in charming color, frill and trimming \$1.95 and \$2.95

Fall Models in Silk Skirts

Several hundred beautiful New Silk Skirts are offered special for Saturday at

\$5 and \$10

Attractive Fall models in taffeta and silk in all the clever little style ideas that characterize the new season's skirts are offered here tomorrow. Many styles in black at \$5, and at \$10 there are many in navy and black. Skirt Department—Fourth Floor.



New Serge Dresses

Saturday you can choose your Fall Dress from a most complete assortment of serges—the most wanted dresses for Fall—at a price that is unusually moderate for such beautiful garments.

Serge and combinations or serge and satin in navy, black and burgundy comprise this group. They are all attractively trimmed in embroidery, gold thread, fancy buttons and imitation fur, and some have sleeves of ge

Work on New Church Begun. Ground was broken today for a chapel of the Presbyterian Church in South-
ampton, corner of Mockland and Not-
tingham avenues. The cornerstone will
be laid Sunday afternoon, Sept. 17, and
the building will be completed Dec. 1, at a cost of \$4200. Rev. Albert Keller is

the pastor. The church is a branch of the Tyler Place Presbyterian Church.

McKendree College to Open Monday. McKendree College, at Lebanon, Ill., will open next Monday for the eighty-ninth annual session.

JAMERSON CLOTHES SHOPS
10 Seconds
In the Elevator!
And You Save \$5 to \$10



This Money-Saving
Second Floor Shop
Offers:

Silk-lined Full Dress Suits
Silk-lined Business Suits
Quarter-lined English Suits
Silk-lined Walking Coats and
Vests
Silk-lined Topcoats

\$18, \$20 and \$25
Qualities, Always

\$15

Save the Difference

The New Plan of Clothes Selling

About which we've told St. Louis men for the past three years means:

—A second-floor shop—No ground-floor rents.
—No Credit Accounts, Bookkeepers or Bad Debts.
—No Free Delivery Service.
—No Window Dressers or Floor Walkers.
—No early season high prices to cover later
"reductions."
—One Fixed Price—**ALWAYS \$15.**

Jamerson Clothes Shops "Of National Importance"

Entire 2d Floor Carleton Building Other Stores Boston
SIXTH AND OLIVE STS. Philadelphia Kansas City

Take Elevator Save \$5 to \$10

Open Saturday Evening Till 9 O'Clock

Introducing

STERNBERGS Economy Specials

FROM time to time we will offer the women of St. Louis Economy Specials. In every instance the garments are taken from our higher-priced lines and offered for one day only at the quoted price. Economy Specials will be marked with PINK tickets. These prices are for Saturday only.

Economy Specials in HATS

In this lot are about 50 Hats from our regular \$7.50 and \$10.00 lines; every one a new Fall style, together with a number of fine display samples. The materials are rich, and these Hats are really beautiful. Saturday only.....

\$5.00

100 pretty Hats made in our own workrooms of the finest Lyons velvet; every one smartly trimmed; made to sell regularly for \$5.50. Tams are prominent in the pretty models; all colors; Saturday only.....

\$3.00

Economy Specials in Waists

Crepe de Chine and satin striped Waists, in all the new Fall colors—solid and pretty stripes. These Waists are taken from our regular \$2.50 lines. Saturday only.....

\$1.75

Crepe de Chine Waists with fancy frilled fronts and collars; all new Fall colors; some of these Waists are hand-embroidered, some lace trimmed, others hem-stitched. Selected from our \$3.50 lines; Saturday only.....

\$2.85

Economy Specials in Skirts

Skirts of navy or black serge, fancy checks or black satin, taken from our regular \$5.00 lines. These Skirts are full and have the new fancy pockets. Saturday only.....

\$3.00

Black taffeta, silk and fine all-wool poplin Skirts; models are in abundance; other pretty styles with fancy pockets, etc. Saturday only.....

\$4.75

STERNBERGS
716 WASHINGTON AVE.
Formerly Milford's

RECORD OF FIRST SESSION OF THE 64TH CONGRESS

Acts Passed to Strengthen Army
and Navy and Big Railroad
Strike Prevented.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The first session of the Sixty-fourth Congress, which adjourned today, was concerned chiefly with national defense.

When the gavel fell, Congress had directed reorganization and re-equipment of the army and navy for defense of the country, at the unprecedented cost of \$655,000,000, with authorizations that will increase the total in three years to nearly \$800,000,000. With all other expenditures, appropriations were brought to the grand total of \$1,637,588,682, the greatest aggregate in the country's history and exceeding that for the last fiscal year by more than half a billion dollars.

Expenditures, necessitated by preparedness and the calling into action of military forces to meet the Mexican emergency, demanded revenue legislation in the closing days of the session. Congress responded by doubling the normal tax on incomes, creating an inheritance tax, munitions tax and miscellaneous excise taxes to raise \$205,000,000 and by directing sale of \$130,000,000 Panama Canal bonds.

Tariff Commission. Congress established a tariff commission; a Government shipping board to rehabilitate the American merchant marine; a workmen's compensation commission to administer a new uniform compensation law; a farm loan banking system; a child labor law; enlarged the system of self-government in the Philippines and enacted many other important laws which had been contemplated by the administration.

The session was disturbed throughout by frequently recurring threats of foreign complications from the European war and imminent at one time of a diplomatic break with Germany; interference with American mails and commerce; invasion of American soil and killing of Americans by Mexican bandits, and danger of actual war with Mexico.

The crisis in Congress over the international situation followed Germany's naval order to sink armed belligerent merchant ships without warning. Introduction of resolutions warning Americans to keep off armed merchantmen caused President Wilson to halt diplomatic negotiations and go to the capital to demand a "showdown." The result was the tabling of the Gore resolution in the Senate by a vote of 68 to 14, on March 2, and of the McLemore resolution in the House by a vote of 276 to 147 on March 7. Immediately afterward the President sent to Germany and read to Congress a note threatening to sever diplomatic relations unless the German Government immediately effected a modification of its methods of submarine warfare.

Later in the session trouble arose in the Senate over the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis of Boston to succeed the late Justice Lamar as a member of the Supreme Court. Weeks of investigation and deliberation by the Judiciary Committee ended in confirmation of Brandeis by a large majority.

Great Strike Prevented. In the week before adjournment Congress was occupied with legislation which prevented a threatened nationwide railroad strike. President Wilson, after futile negotiations with officials of the railroads and railroad brotherhoods, submitted the controversy to Congress, recommending legislation to avert the strike and to prevent such emergencies in the future.

After a year of consideration, during which the President visited the capital daily, conferring with administration leaders, a bill was passed to establish an eight-hour day as a basis for pay of railroad workers, the present rate of pay for 10 hours' work not to be reduced and the men to receive prorate pay for work in excess of eight hours, pending an investigation by a special commission into the effect of the eight-hour day on railroad revenues.

Important Enactments. Most important legislative enactments of the session, exclusive of laws for national defense, included the following:

Government Ship Law. Appropriating \$150,000,000 to operate ships in foreign and coastwise trade when unable to lease them to individuals or private corporations.

Child Labor Law. Denying interstate commerce to products of mines and quarries employing children under 16 years of age, and factories, mills, canneries and other establishments employing children under 14 years.

Rural Credits Law. Establishing a Farm Loan Board in control of a system of farm loan mortgage banks.

Workmen's Compensation Law. Providing uniform sick and accident benefits for employees of the Federal Government and benefits to dependents in case of death.

Emergency Revenue Law. Providing for doubling the normal income tax on the lowest class; making an additional surtax ranging from 1 to 12 per cent on that portion of incomes exceeding \$20,000 to 12 per cent on amount of incomes in excess of \$2,000,000; levying a graduated tax of 1 to 10 per cent on inheritances ranging from \$60,000 to \$5,000,000; a 10 per cent net profit tax on manufacturers of munitions, 5 per cent net profit tax on manufacturers of materials entering into munitions; a license tax on actually invested capital stock of corporations capitalized at more than \$99,000; wine, beer and liquor excise taxes and miscellaneous stamp taxes.

Postal and Postal Savings. Good Roads Law. Providing for cooperative Federal aid to the states for construction of highways, and appropriating \$75,000,000 to be spent in five years.

Postal savings law. Amendment in-

creasing the amount which individuals may deposit from \$500 to \$1000 with interest and an additional \$1000 without interest.

Federal Reserve. Amendments, including amendment to the Clayton anti-trust law, permitting officers and directors of member banks to become officers and directors of not more than two other non-competing banks; amendments permitting national banks to establish foreign branches, liberalizing regulations for discounting commercial paper and permitting member banks in towns of 5000 or less population to act as agents for national companies.

Railroad Legislation. Creation of a joint subcommittee of Senate and House Interstate Commerce Committees to investigate necessity for further legislation for railroads and the Interstate Commerce Commission, question of Government ownership of public utilities and comparative worth of Government ownership as against Government regulation.

Anti-Dumping Provision. Tariff: Creation of a nonpartisan Tariff Commission of five members to in-

vestigate and advise Congress on tariff revision; repeal of the free sugar provision of existing tariff law; amendment increasing duties on dyestuffs in the United States; enactment of an anti-dumping provision to prevent dumping of foreign-made goods at less than foreign market prices; authorization for the President to retaliate against foreign na-

tions prohibiting importation of goods from the United States by laying an embargo against imports from offend-

ing nations.

Cotton Futures. Providing a prohibi-

tive tax on cotton sold for future de-

livery in cotton or wash sales.

Philippines. Law to provide for a more autonomous Government of the Islands, enlarging self-government, re-

organizing election laws, establishing an elective Senate and promising indepen-

dence whenever, in the judgment of the

United States the Philippine people demon-

strate capability for it.

Railroad Eight-hour Day Law. Establishing eight hours as the standard for reckoning the compensation of railroad

employees operating trains in Interstate

commerce after Jan. 1, 1917, and provid-

ing for a commission of three to investi-

gate the effects of the eight-hour stand-

ard, present wages not to be reduced

during the investigation, nor for 90 days

thereafter, and work in excess of eight

hours to be paid for at a pro-rata rate.

Table of Appropriations. Appropriations for all purposes were:

Agriculture	\$ 24,948,832
Army	287,598,530
Diplomatic and Consular	5,355,096
District of Columbia	12,841,907
Fortifications	25,745,050
Indian Affairs	10,867,641
Legislative and Executive	1,925,000
Military Academy	1,004,043
Navy	312,200,096
Pensions	158,025,000
Postoffice	32,957,679
River and Harbor	40,598,135
Sundry Civil	125,299,285
Permanent Appropriations	50,100,000
Shipping Bill	72,500,000
Deficiencies	6,100,000
Rural Credits	2,000,000
Good Roads	2,000,000
Floods	2,000,000
Grand total	\$1,637,588,682

In addition to the total there were au-
thorizations for expenditures in future

years, including naval, good roads, in-

cluding roads, roads, roads, roads, roads,

roads, roads, roads, roads, roads, roads,

Jewelry Dept.
Daily Special
\$1.00 Friendship Circle
Pin Sets
Solid gold, with steel
patterns; hand-engraved
patterns; assortments;
pair..... \$50
(Main Floor.)

Continued From Preceding Page.
of commission and other expenditures
to bring the total to approximately \$2,
000,000, but these amounts do not
properly apply to the appropriations for
the fiscal year.

In addition, Congress enacted an unusually large amount of miscellaneous legislation, including an organization of the Patent Office; provision for trial of space system; a plan of weight system for payment for railroad mail service and leading to the Interstate Commerce Commission determination of the method and rate of pay; creation of a National Park Bureau in the Department of the Interior; establishing warehouse regulations for cotton and grains and providing a new grain grading law; extension for a year of the Government War Risk Insurance Bureau; uniform law making bills of lading negotiable.

Proposed legislation which failed of enactment and has gone over until next winter includes the immigration bill; the corrupt practices act to limit campaign expenditures for election of the President, Vice President and members of Congress; a vocational education bill passed by the Senate; conservation legislation including the public lands waterpower bill, the Shield's navigable streams waterpower bill which failed in conference, the oil leases bill, including relief for California oil men; a flood control bill which passed the House; and a bill to establish citizenship for natives of Porto Rico.

Four Treaties Ratified.

Four treaties ratified by the Senate. The most important were the Convention pending Nicaragua convention providing for the acquisition of a canal route and naval stations rights in the Bay of Fonseca for \$3,000,000 and that ratified in the closing hours providing for the purchase of the Danish West Indies for \$25,000,000. Another was the treaty with the Republic of Hayti providing for an American financial protectorate. The much-disputed pending treaty with Colombia after several years of consideration was favorably reported from the Foreign Relations Committee with an amendment reducing from \$35,000,000 to \$15,000,000, the proposed amount to be paid for the 1867.

1890—SCHMITZ & SHRODER—1916

We are doubling our business in

Boys' Clothing

By Offering Greater Stocks—Greater Assortments—Greater Values Than Ever Before in Our History



Open
Saturdays
Until
10 P. M.

AGAIN—we demonstrate our leadership in Boys' Clothing—again we prove to you that you can save time—save money—and secure greater satisfaction by buying at Schmitz & Shroder's than anywhere else in St. Louis. We bought early when prices were lower—we plunged heavily to assure the widest assortment—now we are ready with the most wonderful stock we've ever shown—and at

Prices That Guarantee You a Positive Saving

Boys' "Challenge" Suits

Newest belted Norfolk coats, with TWO pairs of full-lined, belt-bottom knickerbockers—ages 6 to 16—the greatest values in all St. Louis—at.....

\$3.00

Boys' "Economy" Suits

Splendid Suits in new Fall fabrics—belted Norfolk coats with three-piece belt—TWO pairs of full-lined, belt-bottom knickerbockers—ages 6 to 16—\$5.00 values—our price.....

\$4.00

Boys' "True Steel" Suits

Pinch-back and Norfolk Coats, three-piece belt—TWO pairs of full-lined, belt-bottom knickerbockers—ages 6 to 16—unequalled anywhere in this city for less than \$6.50.....

\$5.00

Boys' Finer Two-Pants Suits

Extra fine qualities in Scotch cheviots and cassimeres—patterns that will please the most particular—coats in newest pinch-back style—two pairs of full-lined knickerbockers with each suit—sizes 7 to 18—at.....

\$7.50

\$8.75

\$10

& \$12.50

Great Values in

Men's Fall Hats

\$1.85

\$2.50

\$3.00

Stetson's—\$3.50 and \$4.00

All the new greens, grays, browns and blacks—Trooper and staple shapes—dimensions to suit every countenance.

If you see it in a Schmitz & Shroder ad—it's TRUE"

SCHMITZ & SHRODER

S. E. COR. EIGHTH AND WASHINGTON AV.
Also at Schmitz & Shroder's "Big Store"—East St. Louis, Ill.

Nugent's September Sales

Olive 3900 Central 3900

Introducing New Fall Clothes for Men!

W.G.D. C.R. Bristling With Snappy New Fall Styles, Our Great Third Floor Clothing Department Opens Its New Lines of Clothing Tomorrow. Be the First to Choose.

Our \$17.50 "Byron Brand"
Suits and Topcoats
for Men and Young Men Are Top-Notch Values!

You will never know how good a Suit \$17.50 will buy or what an opportunity you are missing until you see our new and complete Fall and Winter line of "Byron Brand" clothes at this price.

Suits for men and young men; Suits that embody more than mere good looks; Suits produced by America's foremost makers who, through observation of styles and integrity in manufacture, keep pace with every forward step in clothes craft. The style you see in these clothes, the fabrics that are put into them, will be there after a season's wear.

We warrant every "BYRON BRAND" Suit to give entire satisfaction or we will cheerfully replace with a new suit. You take no chance at all with a "Byron Brand" Suit or Topcoat, we back every one. We know the high standard of the fabrics and the workmanship, something you cannot get in a \$15.00 suit, then, why not pay the difference?

Men's and Young Men's New Fall and Winter Suits
All the new and snappy models for the young men and the more conservative for the older. In all-wool cheviots, cassimeres, tweeds and worsteds, in plain and fancies. The best Suit for the price in St. Louis. We guarantee them to give satisfactory wear. A substantial saving is assured if you buy one of these Suits at \$13.50. All sizes.

\$13.50

A Great Advance Selling Campaign of Alfred Benjamin Suits and Overcoats

AMERICA'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS

To introduce ourselves as the exclusive St. Louis agents of these well-known clothes for men and young men, we will hold a selling campaign tomorrow that will start a new epoch in the history of clothes selling in St. Louis.

We are very anxious to become acquainted with the wearers of Alfred Benjamin Clothing, who number into the thousands in our city.

As a special inducement to early clothes buyers and as a "house warming" for these magnificent clothes, we will offer tomorrow SUITS and OVERCOATS that bear all the ear-marks of \$35.00 clothes. Special for...

They cannot be duplicated for less than \$35.00 any place else in the city. We are doing this just to become acquainted with the ALFRED BENJAMIN wearers, who will quickly accept this opportunity.

We are pleased to announce that we now have with us, in our rapidly growing Clothing Department,

Mr. E. S. Swarts

Who has sold Alfred Benjamin Clothes in St. Louis for a great many years and who will be pleased to see his many friends. He can assure you that the greatest line of

Alfred Benjamin Clothes you have ever seen awaits your inspection tomorrow for Fall and Winter wear

First Big Sale of New Fall Hats



Saturday \$5.00 Day

In Our Popular Millinery Section

The first of our great \$5 sales will take place tomorrow, at which time we will feature Hats that in the regular way would be worth many more dollars. Four here illustrated. Hundreds more that are even more wonderful, all HAND MADE and of LYONS VELVET.

The trimmings are extraordinary and consist of the newest Frenchy conceits. Tomorrow should bring crowds to this popular department. (Second Floor.)

Men's HATS for New Fall

The "Rex Special" is the biggest Hat value in St. Louis—every one a Hat of perfection—built up to a standard, not down to a price. They come in all the new broad-brim effects for the snappy young fellow, also in the more conservative shapes for those desiring them—a Hat for every feature; all the new colors....

\$1.85



This Is the Boys' Store of St. Louis

Everything Is in Readiness for Outfitting That Boy of Yours for School

Here you will find more complete lines of the most dependable clothing for boys. Here you will find thrice as great assortments—here you will find price advantages that will prompt quick buying.

Smart, individual looking clothes that will give your boy a distinction. Suits that are made for satisfactory service from specially chosen materials, in the classy styles that are assured greatest vogue.

NORFOLK SUITS
With Extra Pair Knickers; in the new shades and pattern effects, expertly tailored, with double stitched seams, good linings and trimming, new models, sizes 7 to 18 yrs. **\$5.00**

NORFOLK SUITS
With Extra Pair Knickers; good weight, all-wool cheviots, exceptionally well tailored, reinforced seams, best trimmings and linings; new Norfolk models; two pairs of lined knickers; sizes 6 to 18 yrs. **\$7.50**

NORFOLK SUITS
Two Pairs of Knickers; ten patterns in dark wool cheviots, in gray and brown mixtures; newest Fall styles; Norfolk models with two pairs of lined knickers; sizes 6 to 17 years. **\$3.95**

NORFOLK SUITS
100 Suits to sell for this price; odd sizes, ranging from 6 to 15 years, each one a bargain. **\$2.95**

Middy Blouses

If you can use a Middy Blouse attend this wonderful sale tomorrow.

Values to \$1.50, for

75c

Broken sizes from our regular stock. All sizes, but not a full range of sizes in each style. Regulation and novelty styles of white twill or linene, many hand smocked, in colors to match collars, others belted; button front, piped in colors, or box pleated; novelty pockets; embroidered emblems on collar and sleeves, braid trimming, front lacing.

Girls' Day Here Saturday!

GIRLS' NEW FALL DRESSES

\$8, \$10 and \$12.50

Dresses of French Serge in attractive models, combined with plaid silk combinations, fancy belts and ties; some have touches of hand embroidery in contrasting colors. These Dresses come in all the new Fall colors; sizes 8 to 16 years.

Girls' School Dresses

\$1.25, \$1.50 Dresses **\$1.15**

An assortment of pretty Dresses in ginghams and chambrys, in plaid designs, stripes, checks and plain colors, all attractively trimmed in contrasting colors; sizes 6 to 14 years.

Girls' Autumn Coats

\$7.50 to \$10 Values **\$6.95**

Coats of all-wool serge, poplin and gabardine, in navy only; contrasting silk or cloth collars, fancy pockets and belts; sizes 6 to 14 years.



BRITISH OFFICER TELLS OF BOMBING RAID ON GERMANS

More Than 20 Teutons Killed in
Sap Trench 50 Yards in Advance of Their Lines.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.
LONDON, Aug. 15.—A British officer, serving in France, writes to a wounded comrade in a London hospital of a bombing raid he conducted. The only damage suffered by this daring party, he says, was that done to his raincoat as he climbed the trenches on his return. His party followed.

It happened like this: I was looking out from what was a little sheltered spot alongside the entrance to what we call Stinking Sap, through a very fine new telescope someone had sent to our commanding officer, when suddenly I spied a shovel sticking up against a little mound, and close to it was a gap in the wet grass. I stared jolly hard, and presently the whole thing became clear to me. The Bosches had run out a new sap fully 50 yards from their first trench, which at this point is over 250 yards from ours. It was right opposite our Stinking Sap, and not more than 100 yards from the head of it.

I walked round to company headquarters and informed the commanding officer, who was delighted. I decided to take Corporal Slade with me, because he's such a fine bomb-thrower, besides being as cool as a cucumber. I also agreed to take a platoon man from my own platoon and one man from each of the other three platoons.

Waiting in Shell Hole.
The commanding officer's idea was that we must reach that shell hole close to the new Boche sap as soon as possible.

ble after dark and before the Boches resumed work there. As it turned out, we were all lying in the shell hole for three-quarters of an hour before a single Boche made a move. There was a fine rain all the time and it was pitch dark. We lay perfectly still and flat, hands covered and faces down.

By and by Slade gave a little tug at my jerkin. I listened hard and just made out footsteps, two or three minutes later six or eight Boches came shuffling along the sap, carrying picks and shovels and jabbering away to the dozen. I gave the signal with my left hand. There was a bomb in my right. I could distinctly hear the safety pins come out of our six bombs and could even hear the breathless murmur of the man at my shoulder—a pugnacious draper. "A hundred an' one, a hundred an' two, a hundred an' three" (he was counting off the fuses of his bomb, exactly as I'd told them).

And then they all let go. Our six bombs landed, one on the edge of the other five, plumb in the saphead before us, right in the middle of the six or eight Boches digging there. Two seconds after they left our hands they did their job. And when the rending roar was over we heard only one Boche moaning, so I knew that at least six or seven would "strafe" no more Englishmen. We again lay absolutely still while Fritz rained parachute lights, stars, flares and every kind of fireworks, and just as I had expected, swept his sap-head with at least a thousand rounds of machine-gun bullets, not one of which so much as grazed us, where we lay in the mud of that shell hole.

Another Detachment Arrives.
"Get your bombs ready, lads," I told my fellows. A few seconds later we heard the Boches screaming along their narrow new sap. They took no ground and had cleared back to our line, and they made no attempt to disguise their coming. We waited until the rear end of the sap was full and then we gave 'em our second volley, followed immediately by a third. It must have been a regular shambles. A few seconds later we heard a fresh lot start on their way down the sap, and the draper and I let 'em have our last two bombs well to the left, and ourselves made tracks like greased lightning for Stinking Sap. The

Philippines Interior Secretary Named.
MANILA, Sept. 8.—Governor-General Harrison has named as Secretary of the Interior Rafael Palma, who for several years has been a member of the Philippines Commission.

Wurst Markt, Weiz Garden, 642 Gravos, Sept. 8, 7, 8 and 9; music and dancing.

Compensation Act Signed.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—President Wilson last night signed the Federal workmen's compensation act passed recently by Congress, providing relief for Government employees injured at their work.

Saves Money, Then Ends Life.
CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Lillian Bergin, employed in a downtown office, saved \$102 bought a white burial dress and then killed herself. Her body was found in a gas-filled room at her boarding house yesterday.

"WILHELM."

NEW YORK MAN GETS FIVE OF FIFER IN "THE SPIRIT OF '76"

Instrument Has Been Handled Down From Generation to Generation by Descendants of John Cheney.
BANGOR, Me., Sept. 8.—The gaunt and gray-haired fifer in the famous painting, "The Spirit of '76" was an ancestor of Mrs. Emma Lowell Smith of 33 Ohio street, who for many years owned the fife that he played in the Revolution, and only a few weeks ago gave it to her brother, George Lowell of 47 East 142 street, New York. Mrs. Smith's Revolutionary ancestor was John Cheney, and she is his great-granddaughter. The fife has been in Mrs. Smith's family for 70 years, she receiving it from her cousin, who was a Mrs. Ryder of Brewer, Me.

Upon the death of Lowell, its present possessor, the fife is to go to his son, James Russell Lowell, who is with a national guard regiment on the Mexican frontier. This young man is named for the poet and one-time Ambassador to England, James Russell Lowell, who was a cousin of George Lowell's father. The fife is made of some hard, white wood, like locust, and is tipped with brass. Its note is as shrill and clear as it was when sounded at Bunker Hill, one of the many battles in which its original owner took part.

The Eternal Question:
"What shall I wear to be in style?" will be answered in the Style Week advertisements in the Post-Dispatch, Sunday, Sept. 10.

KAISER FELICITATES BULGARS

BERLIN, via London, Sept. 8.—The Emperor has sent the following telegram to the King of Bulgaria. It is officially announced:

"I have learned that the allied troops have captured the fortress of Turtukal (Turtukal). Accept my heartiest congratulations on this brilliant feat of arms of our brave soldiers, from which our new enemy may realize that we not only know how to defend ourselves but may strike him even in his own country. May God help further. Faithfully thine,

"WILHELM."

Waiting in Shell Hole.

The commanding officer's idea was that we must reach that shell hole close to the new Boche sap as soon as possible.

BOYD'S

Greatest Odds and Ends Clean-Up

Offering all small lots, broken lines, odds and ends, samples, seconds, odd garments and slightly soiled or mussed merchandise left from our semi-annual clearing sale at

SENSATIONALLY LOW PRICES

Every Suit of Clothes

IN THE HOUSE

Former Prices \$15.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00

Going at **\$11.00**

50c, 75c and \$1.00
Silk Neckwear

23c

5 for \$1.00

\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50
(Very Fine)

Silk Neckwear

45c

\$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50
(Extra Choice, New)

Silk Neckwear

85c

50c, 75c and \$1.00

Suspender

25c

Lisle and Silk Webs,

25c

Handkerchiefs

Initialed, plain and colored.

15c, 20c, 25c qualities at .10c

25c, 35c Initialed at .18c

50c Initialed Linens at .30c

50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25

Tie Pins, Link Buttons,

Belt Chains and Tie

Clasps

20c

EVERY HAT IN THE HOUSE

Left from Spring and Summer Stock

Going at **\$1.85**

New this season's styles Soft Hats and Derby Stiff Hats.

Former Prices \$3, \$3.50, \$4 and \$5

Colored Shirts

70c

\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00

Shirts

Both White and Colored

95c

\$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50

Pure Silk and Silk Mixed

Shirts

\$2.45

\$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00

Very Fine

Silk Shirts

\$3.45

\$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50

Silk Crepe Shirts

\$4.95

All Pure Linen

White Pleated Shirts

\$2.50 Quality

\$1.65

Boston, Paris, Brighton and

Paragon Cable Web

Garters

18c

These are broken lines of finest

imported Lises, Bals. and Silk.

Mixed Lises, made by Bon. Bon. & Conradi and Friedman.

Link Buttons, Chain

and Gold-Plated

Knives

45c

Every Suit of Clothes

IN THE HOUSE

Former Prices \$25.00, \$28.00, \$30.00 and \$35.00

Going at **\$17.00**

\$1.00 Qualities
Klosed Krotch Athletic

Union Suits

45c

\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75

Klosed Krotch Athletic

Union Suits

75c

\$2.00 and \$2.25 Qualities

Klosed Krotch Athletic

Union Suits

95c

\$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

Union Suits

\$1.65

Very Fine French Fabrics

\$1.65

\$1.00 Qualities Very Choice

Silk Web and Silk Elastic

60c

\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50

Odd Shirts and Odd Drawers

95c each

These are broken lines of finest

imported Lises, Bals. and Silk.

Mixed Lises, made by Bon. Bon. & Conradi and Friedman.

Link Buttons, Chain

and Gold-Plated

Knives

45c

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Instrument Has Been Handled Down From Generation to Generation by Descendants of John Cheney.

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dell's
le
day!
shirts

SHOE MART

507 Washington Ave.

Store Open Saturday Until 9 P. M.

Parents—Save Money on
Children's Shoes

FOR over 10 years ShoeMart has been recognized as headquarters for Children's Shoes—and our stock this season is larger and finer than ever—a wonderful showing of good, durable, all-leather Shoes at surprisingly low prices.



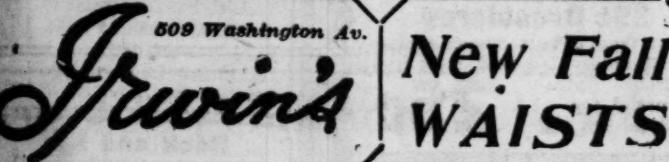
Girls' School Shoes, \$1.25 and Up

Child's sizes, 6 to 8... \$1.25
Child's, 8½ to 11... \$2.25
Misses', 11½ to 2... \$2.50
Big Girls', 2½ to 6... \$3.50
All these are made with Goodyear welt soles—finest quality patent leather with cloth top.

Patent Leather Shoes with White Kid Tops
—for all ages from Infants to big Girls

Boys' School Shoes, \$1.75 and Up

Little Boys', 9 to 13½... \$1.75
Big Boys', 1 to 6... \$2.00
These are splendid Shoes, button style, in fine black calfskin, well made and extremely durable.



Irvin's New Fall WAISTS



Special price for Saturday selling at \$1.95; we illustrate four of the many models on display at \$1.95.

1.00, \$1.65, \$1.95 and \$2.49 Voile, Lingerie and Organie Waists; while 300 of them last, they will be offered tomorrow at.....

75c

Saturday Specials
NEW FALL DRESSES

In charmeuse, taffeta and satin, we illustrate two of the many styles.

\$12.50
Included in this lot are limited quantities of white and flesh crepe de chine, combinations of crepe de chine and Georgette; Dresses worth up to \$25.00.

\$12.50
Fifty white and shadow plaid Chinchilla Coats up to \$15 values, in one grand lot tomorrow, at.....

\$7.50
Saturday Special
NEW Fall Suits
\$14.75 and \$19.75

15 different styles of satin, taffeta and crepe skirts specially priced at \$1.00 and the new pocket \$5.00 and belt effects, and all the new Fall features.

Just received by express sixty crisp new, fresh white lingerie and voile DRESSES worth to \$10—Saturday only \$2.95

ROUGH ON RATS
Unbeatable Exterminator
of Rats, Mice and Bugs
Used the World Over—Used by U. S. Government
The Old Reliable That Never Fails
15¢ 25¢ At Drugists
RECOGNIZED STANDARD—AVOID SUBSTITUTES

NEW REGISTRATION
IS NECESSARY TO
VOTE IN NOVEMBERBooks Will Be Open in 500
Precincts for Four Days,
Sept. 18-19-20-21.

A complete canvass of the city is being made by the Democratic and Republican city committees to notify all voters that if they wish to vote at the November election they must register Sept. 18, 19, 20 or 21.

The registration books will be open in each of the 500 voting precincts of the city. There is a new registration every year, when every voter must register. By personal solicitation and by postal cards the voters are being urged not to neglect to register on one of the four days. There will be no other chance to register except that absentees and invalids will later have an opportunity to get their names on the registration books.

The canvassers report indications that there will be a heavy registration.

Fairbanks to Speak.

The Republican State Committee was notified today that Charles W. Fairbanks, Republican candidate for vice president, will speak at the Springfield campaign opening Monday night.

Fairbanks will leave Indianapolis at midnight Sunday and arrive in Springfield at 8:45 p. m. Monday. The State candidate will speak at the campaign opening.

The Republicans made a special effort to get Fairbanks to counteract the effect of the Democrats getting Vice President Marshall as one of the speakers at their campaign opening at Joplin Tuesday.

The Democratic State Committee is still at work trying to get President Wilson to consent to make a political speech on his visit to St. Louis Sept. 19 and 20. Speaker Champ Clark telephoned the State Committee that he had seen the President and urged him to speak here the night of Sept. 19. Speaker Clark said he would be in St. Louis tomorrow afternoon. Senators Reed and Stone and most of the members of the Missouri delegation in Congress are expected tomorrow or Sunday.

As the President will arrive in St. Louis at 5 p. m., Sept. 19, the Democratic leaders think they will be able to induce him to make a speech that night. The Coliseum will be open to the public at the speech to be delivered before the Life Insurance Underwriters at 10 a. m. Sept. 20, but the party leaders would like to have the President deliver a political speech, so that they could give him a demonstration of loyalty and support that would impress him with the fighting spirit of the Missouri Democracy.

Speaker Clark and United States Senator Ollie James of Kentucky have been scheduled by the State Committee to speak at the first big tent meeting at Independence the night of Sept. 12. Senator James was permanent chairman of the Democratic National Convention in St. Louis last June, and his speech on taking the chair made a hit with the Missouri Democrats. He is scheduled to make several speeches in the State.

The Democrats and Republicans are both trying to capture the Progressive vote of Missouri. The Republicans are making a very strong bid for Progressive support, and the former Progressive leaders are receiving special invitations to every Republican function. Some of the Progressive leaders have received hints that they might be allowed to hold office again as Republicans if they would line up with the party and help elect the Republican ticket.

Gibson Is for Hughes.

Julian M. Gibson, chairman of the Progressive City Committee, said today that he had not yet affiliated himself with any party, but that he expected to support Hughes for President. He said that he believed most of the Progressive leaders of St. Louis would support Hughes, while most of the State leaders would support Wilson.

"While I am not very enthusiastic about Hughes, I expect to support him actively," Gibson said. "I was invited to the Business Men's League luncheon to hear Hughes and received a vice president's badge to attend the Coliseum meeting. You may understand my interest in the matter when I say that I did not attend either, having another engagement."

"But I cannot support Wilson, because I could not feel that I could depend upon him. While he might stand for something today that pleases me, he has changed his mind so many times that I could have no assurance that in a year from now he would stand for anything that I am for."

Fall Style Week Begins Sunday.

The Retailers of St. Louis will announce their Fall Openings in the Post-Dispatch next Sunday.

House Considered 17,800 Bills.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—During the session of Congress closing today, 17,800 bills and 98 resolutions were introduced in the House. Of these 22 bills became laws and 98 resolutions were adopted in addition to 150 private bills and resolutions passed.

The Trend of Fall Fashions.

Will be fully revealed in the formal Fall Openings of the Retailers, announced in next Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

Germany to Postpone Elections.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 8.—The Tagliche Rundschau announces that the German Government has decided that there shall be no general election during the war.

The Reichstag, on reassembling, the newspaper adds, will pass a measure prolonging its life until next January.

Diamonds, Watches,

On sharp account, Lotte Bros. & Co. 24
Floor, 808 Main Street.

Spring to Good Roads Fund.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Each state must organize a highway department before it gets funds provided for by the Federal good roads act. A ruling to this effect was given in the case of Indiana, where there is no highway department.

GREAT EXPANSION SALE

We are adding the store to the west of us (formerly occupied by Kortkamp Jewelry Co.) to our already large building. Exceptional values have caused us to grow and the rapid increase in business demanded this extra selling space. When alterations are completed, we will present to the people of St. Louis, the largest clothing store in America selling Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Clothing exclusively. But now we are crowded for room. The contractors have already started to make the necessary alterations and are demanding more space in which to work. This necessitates reducing our large stocks at once. There can be no delay—we have even included the many shipments of new Fall merchandise that have already arrived. Prices have been shattered to the extreme limit and you can now secure fine clothing at tremendous bona fide savings. Read through the items one by one—note the remarkable low prices—and be here Saturday. It is an opportunity that YOU should not miss.

Special Sizes to Fit Extra Stout and Slim Men Are Included

SUITS

New Fall Styles for Men and Young Men

MEN'S SUITS	\$9 Men's and Young Men's Suits	\$5
Lot 1—New Fall styles—all sizes—Expansion Sale Price.....		
MEN'S PANTS	\$12 Men's and Young Men's Suits	\$7
Lot 2—New Fall styles—all sizes—Expansion Sale Price.....		
MEN'S SUITS	\$15 Men's and Young Men's Suits	\$10
Lot 3—New Fall styles—all sizes—Expansion Sale Price.....		
MEN'S SUITS	\$18 and \$20 Men's and Young Men's Suits	\$12
Lot 4—New Fall styles—all sizes—Expansion Sale Price.....		
MEN'S SUITS	\$22 and \$25 Men's and Young Men's Suits	\$14
Lot 5—New Fall styles—all sizes—Expansion Sale Price.....		
MEN'S SUITS	\$27.50 Men's and Young Men's Suits	\$17
Lot 6—New Fall styles—all sizes—Expansion Sale Price.....		
Men's and Young Men's Blue Serge Suits		
\$10 All-Wool Blue Serge Suits for Men and Young Men \$7		
Priced in this great Expansion Sale at.....		
\$15 All-Wool Blue Serge Suits for Men and Young Men \$10		
Priced in this great Expansion Sale at.....		
\$18 All-Wool Blue Serge Suits for Men and Young Men \$14		
Priced in this great Expansion Sale at.....		

At Tremendous Reductions

5 BIG LOTS

\$2.00 PANTS \$1.00
Come in brown, gray and fancy mixtures—all sizes up to 50 waist. Expansion Sale Price.....

\$2.50 PANTS \$1.33
Scotch, cambric and worsted materials—perfect fitting—all sizes. Expansion Sale Price.....

\$3.50 PANTS \$1.85
New Fall colorings in grays, browns and blue mixtures—carefully tailored. Expansion Sale Price.....

\$5.00 PANTS \$2.85
Finest quality worsteds, cambrics and chevrons—either cuff or plain bottom. Expansion Sale Price.....

\$6 and \$7 PANTS \$3.85
Pure wool Trousers—sewed with silk waist to fit men of all proportions. Expansion Sale Price.....

RAINCOATS AT BIG SAVINGS

Men's and Young Men's Raincoats \$1.90
Made of good tan English raincoating—full length—military collar. Sale price.....

Men's and Young Men's Raincoats \$3.90
The garments are made of heavy, double textured, imported raincoating—all sizes.....

Men's and Young Men's Raincoats \$8.75
Extra quality Raincoats in tan and dark grays—newest styles—many have belted backs.

BOYS' CLOTHING MUST GO! READ THE PRICES!

BOYS' SUITS	\$3.50 Boys' SUITS	\$5.00 Boys' SUITS	\$6.00 Boys' SUITS	\$8.50 Boys' SUITS	\$10 Boys' SUITS	Boys' Pants
New Norfolk styles in neat fancy mixtures—sizes 5 to 17—full cut knicker pants. Sale price.....						
Up to the minute Norfolk and pinched back models in blue, white and fancy mixtures—all sizes have pair pants. Sale price.....						
\$1.90	\$2.90	\$3.90	\$4.90	\$5.90	\$5.90	59c

Large assortment in pure white, blue and fancy mixtures—new styles—blue serge—fancy mixtures—all sizes have pair pants. Sale price.....

The Suits are made of fine all-wool materials in all the season's effects—new styles—blue serge—fancy mixtures—all sizes have pair pants. Sale price.....

All sizes in all the season's effects—new styles—blue serge—fancy mixtures—all sizes have pair pants. Sale price.....

Open Saturday Night
Till 10 O'Clock

WEIL

Open Saturday Night
Till 10 O'Clock

N. W. COR. 8th AND WASHINGTON AV.

Horse Kicks Farmer to Death.
FULTON, Mo., Sept. 8.—Hugh Spencer, a wealthy farmer, was kicked to death by a horse here yesterday.

TO PROVE Our Underselling Supremacy—
To Inaugurate the Fall Season Properly

For One Week Only

SUIT or OVERCOAT

Tailored to Your Measure

Lower
Than
the
Rest

\$17.50

Better
Than
the
Best

Words are wholly unnecessary. A Fox Tailored Suit or Overcoat at \$17.50. In the face of market advances this announcement is remarkable. We have always been leaders with many followers. This price, however, sets new records; we will probably have many imitators in price—but in quality, impossible.

Come see for yourself—seeing always was believing.

J. P. FOX
TAILORING CO.

422 N.
SIXTH
ST.

615
PINE
ST.

STORE OPEN TILL 7 P. M. SATURDAY

Lowest Prices Our Chief Attraction

Schaefer
STORES CO
SIXTH & WASHINGTON

10c APRONS
Good size Sanitary
Apron; light weight.
Satiny only. 8c
Talcum Powder
1c. Lazell's Talcum.
Per oz. 10c
50c German Sil-
ver Vanities
Contain powder, pur-
fum, mirror and coin
holders; special
Satiny. 25c
(Jewelry Dept.) 25c

Emb. Hdks.
Ladies' fancy em-
broidered corner
Hdks. & d. 10c
1c. 10c
3 for 10c
(Main Floor.)
Chiffon Sale
42-in. Clifton Cloth
in all colors. Spec-
cial,
at,
yard.
(Main Floor.)

**MEN'S AND
YOUNG MEN'S
NEW FALL SUITS \$11.75**

The styles include plaid, block, models, patch-pocket and con-
siderable variety in all sizes 32 to 40. The fabrics include blue serge, fancy worsteds, Scotch mix-
tures, cheviots, cassimeres and other popular fabrics; in a
broad range of desirable colorings and patterns; an exceptional
value at . . .

Men's Suits
Included in our new Fall
Lines are 200 Suits of ex-
cellent values, which we
offer on Saturday at the
extremely low price
of . . . \$8.88

Men's Suits
We are also showing
Michael Stern & Co.'s cel-
ebrated Rochester Suits;
nothing like them else-
where. \$16.95

Boys' \$4 Norfolk Suits
Has the boy got a new School Suit yet? Every mother of
a boy should know the need of a big purchase of
Boys' High-Grade Norfolk Suits. In this season's
most wanted styles and colorings;
sizes 6 to 17 years. Special
Saturday at Second Floor.

That Sale of \$1 to \$2 Shirts, 69c

Continues to be the center of economy, proven by the number of customers around
buying these Shirts in from 1 to 1 dozen lots. Solid Colors, Plaids, Silk Fronts,
Poplins, Rebs, Pongees, Harmony Percales, etc. Neckband or French turn cuffs.
The patterns are stunning. All sizes from 14 to 17½ (Main Floor).

\$4 to \$5 SILK SHIRTS
Real Tub Silks, with guaranteed
fast colorings and patterns truly
wonderful (Main Floor) . . . \$2.95

9 O'CLOCK Special
Men's 50c Percale
Shirts; neat
stripes and
figures (Main Fl.) . . . 25c

15c BRANDED COLLARS
Corliss-Coon Collars and
others in all sizes
and all styles
(Main Floor) . . . 5c

MEN'S \$3.00 SHOES \$1.95

In all leathers and in all sizes; good staple
shapes, in lace or button;
special price for Saturday (Main Floor) . . . \$1.95

BOYS' SHOES \$1.00

In sizes up to 2; exce-
ptional value
(Main Floor) . . . \$1.00

WOMEN'S BOOTS 8-in. Patterns \$2.65

The high-cut Boot with Louis
heels. The real smart this Fall.
Here Saturday (Main Fl.) . . . \$2.65

\$12 DRESSES \$9.45

Amazing values in Serge Dresses,
also in silk and combinations.
The new and fashionable up-to-
the-minute styles with clever
cuffs and collars, in serges, taf-
fetas and messelines. . . .

Silk and Serge Dresses \$4.95

Dresses in rich messeline, crepe de chine,
taffetas, serges, silk and serge
combinations. Pretty
new styles for Fall \$4.95
wear. Many have large
collars and belted effects. . . .

Snappy Tailored Suits \$12.95

Of pure wool serges; fine wool poplins
taffetas; serges, silk and serge
combinations. New
tailored, semi-tailored Norfolk
and belted effect
with large belt effects. . . .

LYONS VELVET HATS \$1.85

In the popular large and medium size;
Sailors in the soft and glossy crepes; also
Silk Velvets. These are
much in demand at
present; positively the
best in the market. . . .

\$5.00 TRIMMED HATS \$2.85

Beautiful Silk velvet Hats of best quality
and well dressed. Large velvet hats in
this group; exact copies of imported models
stylishly trimmed with gold, silver and
valent flowers; also all the new
varieties. Special for Saturday's
price (Second Floor) . . . \$2.85

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LYONS VELVET HATS \$1.85

SATURDAY AT FAMOUS-BARR CO., THE NEW 1916 FALL APPAREL WILL RECEIVE ITS FIRST SHOWING IN OUR \$14.50 SPECIALTY CLOTHES SHOP

Open Saturday
Until 6 P. M.



Featuring Correct Clothes for Young Men, College Men, Business Men and Elderly Men

Again this Fall, the decided value-giving supremacy of our \$14.50 Clothes Shop strongly asserts itself. Nowhere in all St. Louis will you find clothes of such excellent quality, so accurately tailored, so honestly built throughout at anywhere near this specialized price. Despite market conditions, the values this Fall are better than ever.

Now ready for your choosing are hundreds of styles—the new models are cut on different lines, coats a trifle longer, lapels decidedly graceful with new "set-up" of shoulders and sleeves—two and three button sack coats and the new pinch-back models—single and double breasted styles.

Materials include velour cassimeres, Scotch cheviots, silk-mixed worsteds and plain blue serges in patterns and colorings to please every fancy. Many of these Suits have coats full silk lined with silk vest backs and fancy silk sleeves; clothes that are expertly tailored, have good quality linings and inside trimmings and are built to give lasting service. Nowhere in all St. Louis can you begin to equal them at our specialty price of \$14.50.

\$14.50

Introducing the New 1916 Fall

Society Brand Clothes
For Young Men and Men Who Stay Young

\$20 to \$40

Clothes of individuality, attaining the highest point of perfection in artistic clothes building and possessing many distinguished features that lift them out of the commonplace.

Every approved new Fashion is reflected in the new models shown here. Society Brand Clothes are sold in St. Louis exclusively by Famous-Barr Co.

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S NEW FALL SUITS

FEATURING THREE SPECIALIZED LINES AT

\$17.50 \$20 & \$25

The superiority of our values is thoroughly expressed in every suit in these superb groups. Here assembled is a full representation of exclusive styles made expressly for us by America's foremost clothes builders. Every Suit possesses an air of elegance. Included is every good weave, color and pattern effect in domestic and foreign fabrics. Clothes that you can choose with every confidence that they are correctly fashioned. They are of sterling quality and will give supreme satisfaction. Sizes to fit men and young men of every build.

YOUNG MEN'S NEW FALL SUITS

SPECIAL VALUES AT \$12.50

Values that are truly remarkable, considering the fact that materials and labor has greatly advanced in price. Here are more than 20 distinctive styles of Fall weight wool cheviots, cassimeres, fancy worsteds and plain blue serges; two and three button sack coats and pinch-back models in single and double-breasted styles; every sort of pattern and color effect new for Fall is represented. Sizes 16 to 22 or 32 to 38 chest measure.

SATURDAY IS THE LAST DAY THAT WE OFFER THESE LIGHT AND MEDIUM WEIGHT
\$15, \$18 and \$20 SUITS

FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN

FOR \$9.00

Remainders from this Spring and Summer's unsurpassed \$15, \$18 and \$20 lines among them. All sorts of desirable pattern and color effects—every one a remarkable value.

Remember, Saturday is the last day, so make it a point to be here. Choice of any for \$9.00.

MEN'S ODD TROUSERS

Light and Medium Weights

Of good durable cassimeres and fancy worsteds in a good assortment of pleasing patterns, in dark and medium colors, plain and cuff bottom styles; expertly tailored, and all sizes in one style or another for men and young men. Suitable for present and early fall wear in two lots—

\$3.00 and \$3.50 Trousers for.....\$2.00

\$4.00 and \$5.00 Trousers for.....\$3.00

Second Floor.

COME DIRECT TO HEADQUARTERS SATURDAY FOR BOYS' SCHOOL CLOTHES



In no other St. Louis store will you find such comprehensive and wonderful assortments, such rich and effective patterns, or such truly remarkable values. If your boy's suit comes from our superb stock, you can rest assured that it will give lasting and complete satisfaction. Profit by Saturday's offerings.

Boys' Norfolk Suits

EXTRA VALUE AT \$3.95
20 different styles of Fall weight wool cheviots, in the new gray and brown checks, stripes and mixtures; pinch-back coats, full cut knickers, lined through out; sizes 6 to 17.....\$3.95

Boys' Two-Pants Suits

Extra Value Saturday, \$6.75
In the smartest Norfolk models in 15 different styles; coats pinch-back; both pairs of knickers full lined; of gray and brown wool cheviots; sizes 6 to 17.....\$6.75

Boys' Blue Serge Suits

EXTRA VALUES SATURDAY
For school and semi-dress wear; pinch-back Norfolk coats, lined with double warp serge; roomy knickers, full lined; suits of pure worsted fast blue serge.....\$5.50

Boys' "Academy" Clothes

EXTRA VALUE SATURDAY
The aristocrats of boys' clothes; sold only by this store in St. Louis; of all-wool fabrics, in distinctive patterns; newest pinch-back coats; two pairs knickerbockers, full lined; sizes 8 to 19.....\$9.75

Second Floor

Boys' Corduroy Suits WITH TWO PAIRS PANTS

Of thoroughly good quality drab corduroy, just the right weight;

Norfolk coats in the new models with knickers to \$5.75

match; sizes 6 to 18.....\$5.75

match; sizes 6 to 18.....\$5.75

Second Floor

Boys' School Knickers

EXTRA VALUE SATURDAY
Durably made and splendidly styled, of fast color blue serges, wool cassimeres and cheviots, in attractive stripes and mixtures; full lined; sizes 6 to 18; for school and semi-dress wear.....\$1.39

CONTINUING SATURDAY, THAT SALE OF MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S \$3 AND \$4 FALL HATS—"SECONDS"

Including Derby and Soft Hats

At the
Very
Special
Price of
\$1.79

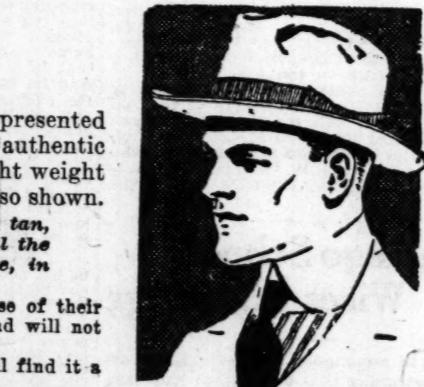


The products of two of America's leading makers. Represented in this wonderful offering is practically every new and authentic style deemed correct for Fall 1916 wear. The very light weight Felt Hats that promise to be in great favor this Fall are also shown.

The correct new Fall shades of green, blue, brown, tan, gray and the always dressy plain blacks. Derby in all the new styles approved by Fashion for 1916 Fall service, in black only.

These Hats are classed as seconds by the manufacturers because of their slight imperfections, which imperfections are very, very slight and will not impair their looks or wearing qualities.

Make it a point tomorrow to investigate this offering. You will find it a real hat buying opportunity.



Men's \$4.00 New Fall Shoes

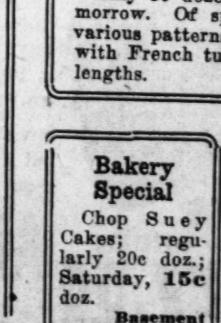
SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY ONLY

\$3.40



These come in this Fall's very newest shapes, in tans, gunmetals and patents; in all sizes and widths; footwear of reliance; at Saturday's price you should lose no time in getting your Fall needs; 10 different styles from which to choose.

Men's \$8 New Fall Shoes
Saturday Only \$6.50
Five different kinds, including Cords, Run-offs, tan, gunmetal; all the most approved patterns.



Bakery Special
Choc. Suey
Cakes; regu-
larly 20c doz.;
Saturday, 15c
doz.
Basement

Entire Block: OLIVE, LOCUST, SIXTH AND SEVENTH STS.
Largest Distributors of Merchandise at
Retail in Missouri or the West

We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Books for \$2 in Cash
or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Are Excepted

Saturday
Special \$2.95
for.....

Only 30 dozen, and they should rapidly find new owners tomorrow. Of splendid heavy tub silks with satin stripes; in various patterns and color combinations; cut large and roomy; with French turn-back cuffs; sizes 14 to 17 1/2; various sleeve lengths.

Main Floor, Aisle 9

Main Floor

Second Floor

Basement

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER, Dec. 12, 1876.
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.,
210-212 N. Broadway.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL IN ADVANCE
DAILY AND WEEKLY, ONE YEAR.....\$1.00
Sunday only, one year.....\$1.20
BY MAIL IN ST. LOUIS AND SUBURBS, per
month.....\$1.00
Remit either by postal order, express money order or
check, or by cashier's check, to
Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class
matter.

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

POST-DISPATCH

Circulation
Average for the First 8
Months of 1916:
Sunday Only 362,758
Daily Average 209,311

Equalled Only by FIVE SUNDAY Newspapers in the UNITED STATES. Three in New York and two in Chicago.
Biggest West of the Mississippi.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

The Power of Organization.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
In reply to letter signed "One of the Unfortunates," If Congress has the RIGHT to lower freight rates at will the converse is undoubtedly true and they have the right to raise them. But the trainmen are paying THEIR share of the increase in freight rates, too, just as well as the suffering public and unorganized labor; and an increase in freight rates will do much to rob the trainmen of the benefits of recent legislation.

Secondly: It is not that an eight-hour bill should be passed for their exclusive benefit, but it is what all of us are justly entitled to. The reason they have it is because they organized—worked for it—and paid the bills. We of the outside should not be envious of their accomplishment, but go and do likewise. There is no one among the trainmen, think they are the only ones on the railroads and the trainmen would like to see the others have eight hours as well.

Thirdly: Unorganized labor "comes in" for shorter hours and increased pay by organizing, and that is "the only way." Even then it will take time—money (dues) and work unceasingly. Those baggage men, express messengers, etc., ad infinitum, who argue against the action of the trainmen are injuring themselves and actively forestalling the possibility of any such benefits to themselves.

The public is not overburdened paying anything but dividends of watered stock. Squeeze out the water and stop speculation or stock gambling and all roads will be out of receivership and paying good returns on actual investment and increased wages, too.

To "follow the line of least resistance" is always a temptation, and railroad managers do it, too. Therefore they cut the unorganized man's salary. There is only one hope—"united we stand; divided we fall." That's the principle the Civil War was fought for, to save the UNION of states, and it's the only salvation of the laboring man—safety first—now get in line, unfortunate.

EIGHT HOURS.

Why Rents Are High.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
In answer to F. A. Jackson's letter in yesterday's Post-Dispatch, tell him to get the amount of taxes, special taxes, water rent, sprinkling and general repairs, insurance, and after getting the information he will be surprised how he can get rent so cheap. The landlord is in business for his health, not money, in St. Louis. ONE OF THEM.

Paying for Political Influence.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
It is well known that the controlling motive of Mayor Kiel in having Hank Weeks carried on the city payroll at a salary of \$150 a month, in defiance of the efficiency provisions of the city charter, is to get the vote of Hank's ward when he comes up for re-election.

It is equally well known that Weeks, in his capacity as inspector of excavations, does not work more than three hours a day, while the city charter requires that all city officials and employees give their full time to the city.

Since Mayor Kiel wished to be the personal beneficiary of Hank's political power, why is it that he does not give Hank a job with his own company, the City Contracting Co., and allow Hank to loaf at the Mayor's expense instead of at the expense of the taxpayers? No taxpayer would have any right to complain if the Mayor personally bore the expense of Hank's idleness, but what excuse can the Mayor offer for allowing Hank to have all of his afternoons off to go to the ball games or to sit in base courts at a burlesque show, or the like, the right of the public?

The Mayor, as I understand the situation, is eager to be re-elected next spring. A Mayor who would go into the city hall and clean up the payrolls and fire the loafers could save the city probably a million dollars a year.

How many more Hank Weeks cases are there at the city hall?

JUSTICE.

Roosevelt Offends the Germans.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
Your editorial of the first last, entitled "Col. Roosevelt Speaks" is to the point. As long as Mr. Hughes tacitly accords the broad support which the German-sates, Roosevelt, Root and Lodge, are offering, the very responsible members of "German" Republicans must draw the conclusion that Hughes is still more radically anti-German than Wilson, and thus resolve to refrain from voting in November.

If those citizens who demand honesty in neutrality are to be brushed aside by both political parties, then let the pro-British Democrats and the anti-German Republicans do the fighting alone. The day of the honestly neutral will come, when Great Britain's "friendship" for America will have been fully unmasked.

L. W. P.

ANYTHING TO BEAT WILSON.

At last the Republican party has got an issue. It is the settlement of the strike. Following the vague hints of candidate Hughes, the Globe-Democrat shrieks about the cowardice of President Wilson and Congress in passing the Adamson bill. It raves about "compulsion," the sacrifice of the "dignity and honor of the nation," the burial of the head of the American eagle in the sand, etc.

Nothing could be more absurd than the Globe-Democrat's assumption of compulsion to do this thing, regardless of right or wrong, except its amusing comparison of congressional action to avert a railroad strike with action to avert a strike of butchers or farmers. This is the finest sample of logic we have seen in a partisan newspaper.

However, we have not the slightest doubt if the butchers combined to deprive the people of the United States of meat or the farmers combined to deprive them of grain that Congress would act vigorously and effectively to keep the people from starving. If it didn't act we would like to hear the Globe-Democrat shriek. It would be an experience. If the President had not acted in this case; if the strike had taken place with an embargo on all traffic the shrieks from the partisan organs and antilabor interests that are now howling about the cowardice of the President would have been deafening. In three days they would have wanted to mob the President and Congress for not taking action.

When the embargo was declared the railroads, whose heads realized that they could not run their roads with the strike on; the business men and business organizations who bombarded the President with telegrams urging him to support the railroads, flooded the President and the Congress with telegrams urging them to avert or postpone the strike. If the strike had occurred the flood of telegrams calling for governmental action would have been a Niagara in a week.

Arbitration had failed, mediation had failed and the strike had been ordered before the President went to Congress with a program of legislation to avert it and settle all railroad labor controversies. He went with the plan he had decided was just before the strike was ordered—the plan he had offered both parties to the controversy as just, which had been accepted by the men and rejected by the railroads.

After a strike like that with which the country was threatened has been averted it is easy to intimate that it would not have occurred or would not have amounted to much; it is easy when its disastrous consequences have been escaped to criticize the method of escape; to attack the men who took vigorous, swift action to save the public from the consequences. This is the easiest thing in the world.

Of course, President Wilson did an unpardonable thing from the standpoint of the Old Guard when he failed to humble himself before the railroads heads and do their bidding; when he failed to call in the Wall street magnates and ask them to save the country at any price. He did an unpardonable thing when, recognizing Congress as the supreme power in the country, he called upon it to take action to save the country without the aid of the big interests.

In the Roosevelt panic of 1907, when stocks were crashing down, bankers were failing and money was locked up in strong boxes, President Roosevelt turned over the treasury to Pierpont Morgan and gave him a permit to violate the anti-trust laws in order to save the country. He defended his surrender of the Government's power on the ground that it was necessary and he boasted of it as an act of a man of courage and resource. Republican organs defended his action.

In the anthracite coal strike, after the country had suffered for five months and was in the throes of a coal famine, President Roosevelt intervened and forced a settlement. That was courageous and proper—he was a Republican President.

When President Wilson induces Congress to avert a strike threatening unparalleled national disaster by passing a just measure he is a coward who betrays the country—he is a Democrat.

The partisan organs and voters who are criticizing President Wilson evidently hoped for a national calamity; they resent its avoidance; out of calamity might come Republican success. Anything to beat Wilson.

MORRIS DANCERS FOR V. P.

A reader suggests that a feature of the Veiled Prophet parade be a group of Morris dancers, with others in reserve, to take the places of those tired.

It is probably too late to arrange for such an innovation this year, but the suggestion has its attractiveness and might be carried out next year.

The Morris or Morrice dance was invented by the Moors, and is said to have been introduced into England in the time of Queen Elizabeth. It became a rustic dance, adapted to village festivals and May games. And characters, such as Robin Hood and Friar Tuck appeared in these dances. They were afterwards suppressed by the Puritans, along with many other public expressions of joy.

Dances with the parade, if well done, would make the entire Veiled Prophet festival more complete. The ball cannot be participated in or even seen by thousands of citizens and visitors. Why should not these also have a dance spectacle?

THE AMERICAN-MEXICAN COMMISSION.

The American-Mexican Joint Commission approaches its task in a friendly and confident spirit. It is an exceptional body of men summoned to conference on matters of first importance to both countries. The three American members are all known internationally for their high personal attainments and public services; the three Mexicans are admirably fitted for their purpose. They shall be the spokesmen of a whole people. He has not treated the demands of special groups as something to be ignored or stamped upon as the mere demagogue or tory would. He has integrated those demands with the larger and more persistent interests of the nation. He has shown how to turn an emergency to constructive purposes. He has not sought peace at any price, as his critics claim, but peace on the basis of organization.

can Joint Commission at New London makes doubly certain their failure. Out of its deliberations we may hopefully expect not merely a settlement of difficulties between the United States and Mexico but an understanding as to measures that will put Mexico upon its feet politically, financially and economically.

A MILLION A WEEK.

Henry Ford is estimated to be making a million a week—a million dollars; not automobiles. Not many of us are doing so well. Yet Mr. Ford's wealth excites no envy to speak of. He is an exceptional millionaire in that nobody begrudges him what he makes—the more the merrier. He seems to care very little for the money itself, which indifference has engendered a like public indifference to it.

Yet he is an exceptionally enviable multimillionaire, as multimillionaires go in this country. Most of our "big rich" men are ill-paid at best for their trouble and energy in getting rich, and the trouble and worry consequent upon that state—while the little they have is begrimed by them. The entailments of a million a week to the average poor multimillionaire are as numerous and persistent as the flies that buzz around a molasses barrel which cannot be swatted, while the grave and sober cares consequent upon imponderable but tumultuous millions are greater than a King's. Nobody sympathizes with the poor multimillionaires even when his money-making processes wreck his health or grind the very life out of him.

The Happy Valley of Rasselais is not and never was peopled by multimillionaires, and the maker of millions is fortunate to be as familiar with the valley's landscape as the people who ride in them.

No municipal door should be open to inefficiency.

A NOVEL ANTI-STRIKE WEAPON.

It appears that one of the chief causes of the present big traction strike in New York is the adoption, by the Interborough Company, of a new method of trying to prevent unionization of employees. This is by presenting each individual worker with a form of contract between himself and the company. The Interborough claims that of the 11,000 men in subordinate positions on its lines, 8500 have signed these individual contracts and that if these men go out on strike the master will be taken into court, as "the right to make a contract is guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States." He says that, under the circumstances, there is nothing to arbitrate.

Let Mr. Shantz put himself for a moment in the position of one of these 11,000 men in subordinate positions. What would he do if the company presented him with a blank contract and the boss directly over him told him to sign it or "get his time?" He would probably sign it, in order to keep his job. But what have the courts held with regard to contracts made under duress?

There used to be a clause, on the back of railroad passes, releasing the railroad company from all responsibility for injury to the passenger using the pass. When signed it was a contract, but the courts did not uphold it.

HUNGER VERSUS APPETITE.

The first communication sent to the German army, since the accession of Von Hindenbush Von Falkenhausen, deals with "economy," hitherto mainly restricted to the civilian population. The rescript reads in part:

It is the duty of every soldier to economize food. Men in the lines often imagine that they ought to eat to satisfy their appetite, whereas they ought to eat only to appease their hunger. Always remember that there are many hungry mouths at home that cannot think of appetite, but struggle with downright hunger.

The soldiers are admonished to save all bits of food which under ordinary circumstances they would cast away, as such bits "are generally valuable by other processes," says the order; they are admonished to save paper, cartons, tin foil and other packing material sent from home, and to turn them over to the authorities for further use. The order contains a clause covering the expenditure of German money in conquered territories. It says:

No soldier, buying goods within the territories now held by the army, must expend German money. Let him, before making such purchases, exchange his German money at the Kommandatur for local money. The less German money in the hands of the enemy when peace comes, the better for Germany.

This being the first official admission of a state of hunger at home" coincide with various newspaper statements about the crop having been a failure this year, owing to excessive rains throughout the center of Europe.

HIGH DEMOCRATIC STATESMANSHIP.

From the New Republic.

Each side in the railroad controversy claims to be standing on a principle—the executives for "arbitration" and the Brotherhood for the "eight-hour day." The President accepts both principles, and wishes to put behind them the full authority of the National Government. To the men he says: You shall have an eight-hour day, a real one, and it shall apply not only to you but to the other workers he says: You have failed to organize. To the others he says: You have insisted that you could not yield the eight-hour day, because you stood out for the future of orderly adjustment.

You shall have compulsory mediation based on the power of the National Government. Both sides have contended for principles which progressive public opinion sanctions, and both sides shall have their principles. They shall be written into law, sanctioned by Government, given the backing not of economic power but of political authority. Mr. Wilson has done what high statesmanship in a democracy must do; he has interpreted the demands, principles, and interests of group interests, and lifted them up into a national program. In a very real and accurate sense the President has made himself the spokesman of a whole people. He has not treated the demands of special groups as something to be ignored or stamped upon as the mere demagogue or tory would. He has integrated those demands with the larger and more persistent interests of the nation. He has shown how to turn an emergency to constructive purposes. He has not sought peace at any price, as his critics claim, but peace on the basis of organization.

The United States earnestly desires not only the adjustment of the differences that have arisen between the two countries, but the speedy rehabilitation of Mexico. Aside from any benevolent intentions that it may harbor toward its stricken neighbor, self-interest alone must prompt it to contribute by every means in its power to the establishment of conditions beyond the Rio Grande that shall insure stable government and peaceful progress.

Certain elements in this country, in a spirit of jingoism and greed, have sought to promote intervention in Mexico. They have failed in their purpose, and the meeting of the American-Mexican



Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams

BEAUTY.

THEY say that sleep steals Beauty.

"Tis a lie!
Once when she had just awoke
I saw her.

And her eyes were like the softly-lambent stars
One sees on summer's night within the lake
Deep-mirrored gleaming.

Her skin
Was apple blossom fresh and clear,
And as delicately blushing.
She smiled exultingly,
As if in memory of a glorious dream
Through which an angel hovered ever near.

Abashed and hesitant,
Until supremely daring,
He brushed her lips to wake her.

Paradise is that undiscovered land which : lies beyond one's income.

The only pepper Col. Roosevelt has in stock just now is that which pertains to the German-American Alliance. Does Mr. Hughes really want him to get out the pepper box?

Germans and Bulgarians captured 20,000 Romanians yesterday. However, the Romanians occupied Gyros-Ditro-Orosva Pass, and took all those hyphens.

"Have your children gone back to school?"
"No; they're out on a strike, too."

"What are they striking for?"
"More lunch money."

"Doesn't Mr. Smith dress well?"
"Yes. His wife succeeded in reforming him by giving his clothes away whenever they didn't look well."

Sixteen Ohio men have been indicted for trying to lynch a negro. Their offense seems to have been in letting him get away.

Fielder Jones' observations as to his club are all right, but there seems to have been some misunderstanding as to when the race began.

Why can't the city boil the water for everybody at the Chain of Rocks and not leave that precaution to individual whim?

The Zeppelin brought down on the outskirts of London probably suffered from high visibility.

THE SHRINKING FLAT.

Y OU have probably heard the celebrated wit:

...in which the owner, showing a prospective tenant through a flat, asked him how he liked it:

"Well, there doesn't seem to be any room for complaint," the latter answered.

A contributor to Just a Minute has found some approximating the humor of that quip. It is from our want ads, Flats to Rent:

....., 5637—4 rooms, up-to-date, suitable : for small couple, \$22.50.

A Perilous Wooing

A tale of Norwegian village life.

HERE was not much peace in the house of Husaby after Aslaug went to bed enough to be courted. The handsomest old man in the parish hammed each other right after night, and on Saturday nights—well, on Saturday nights old Knut Husaby, her father, kept his leather breeches on when he retired, and saw to it that his cudgel of black birch was convenient by his side. "Since I have been lucky enough to have a trim daughter," said Knut, "I will let it stand as it is."

Among those who fought for her was Knut's son, the great

husband of the girl.

He was only a poor peasant, but there were many people who allowed that he proved around the Husaby place often than any other young man. Old Knut did not like that; and he assured everybody that it was not so. But the people smiled and said that if, instead of quarreling with those who hung around, he had looked for a few odd corners, he would have found Thore.

Spring arrived and Aslaug went into the mountains with the cattle that were sent up there to the high hill-meadows. Then, when the day lay hot over the valley below, when the cattle were cool and afoot, the lads who were working in the fields stared upward and listened for Aslaug's yodel or for the lowing sound of her Alpine horn.

On the first Saturday evening more lads had hurried up the narrow trail that led to the mountain hut where Aslaug quenched it all alone. But each and every one of the eager fellows was met before he had ascended far. He was met by a wild man who snatched him by the throat, and whirled him around, and threw him head over heels, and yelled, as he laid on with fists and feet: "Come back again, and you'll get some more!"

Old Knut heard that, it seemed to him that it were well to give Aslaug some of his own medicine. He was beginning to grow old, but though he was more than 60, he still managed to handle his big sons pretty well in wrestling matches.

The only trail by which the mountain retreat could possibly be reached led through the Husaby farm. On the next Saturday Aslaug, who was sneaking lightly across behind the barns, was met by a wild man who snatched him by the breast. "What do you



to herself, with a tear running down her cheek: "If I do not get this, I shall have no glad day and night."

Thore remained in bed on Sunday and Monday. It still was not well enough to crawl. He was in bed still on Thursday, and then he began to worry, for he remembered what his father had said, and looked toward Husaby's place, and thought: "I can't get through there!"

The next day was Friday and Thore was able to get up. He looked up at the mountain and thought that a man with his heart in the right place ought to be able to get up the cliff without bothering about the trail. It was true that goats did not try that particular mountain, and goats usually are not perturbed by a wall of rock.

On Saturday afternoon he glanced watchfully over to the Husaby place and then stole quietly into his boat and rowed around the promontory.

ASLAUG was sitting near the edge of the precipice where it rose, sheer and smooth, from the deep sea. She began to sing with her clear strong voice. It seemed to her that she heard an answering song from the depths.

She stepped to the very brink, held herself by a birch-tree that inclined over the abyss and looked downward, but could see nothing except the fjord far below. She sang again, and again an answer came.

Then she peered more sharply into the depth, and saw a boat lying by the rock-wall. It was so far below that it seemed no larger than a mussel shell. She scrutinized the side of the precipice then, and spied a red cap that appeared to cling to a vertical front of stone.

She let go the birch and sprang back. She knew well who it was that was making the deadly attempt. She threw herself on the earth and gripped at the grass with both hands. The grass roots yielded, and she shrieked. She prayed to God to help him; then she thought that it was a deed that challenged God, and that He would give Thore no help. "Only this one time," she beseeched. She embraced her dog,

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Sample for trial sets.

PERD. T. HOPKINS & SON, New York City

as if he were Thore. She held him fast and pressed her face into the sod.

Suddenly the dog pulled away and rushed to the brink. He looked down, wagging his tail madly. He ran back and set his forefeet on Aslaug, barking again.

A red cap appeared. Thore's head

came in sight, he heaved himself over the brink and ran to Aslaug. She lay there for long minutes without being able to speak a word, and when he spoke at last, it was long before he could say anything that was coherent.

When old Knut Husaby heard about it, he slapped his thigh and said: "The fellow is worthy of the girl. He shall have her!"

Bjornson Bjornstjerne, author of

this story is as well known in America as in Norway. His first

novel to give him fame was "Synove Solbakken." The story here is one of many excellent shorter tales of Norwegian peasant life written during his early period. He is eminent almost equally as novelist, dramatist and poet.

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Sonnenfeld's

L. ACKERMAN, Manager
610-612 Washington Avenue

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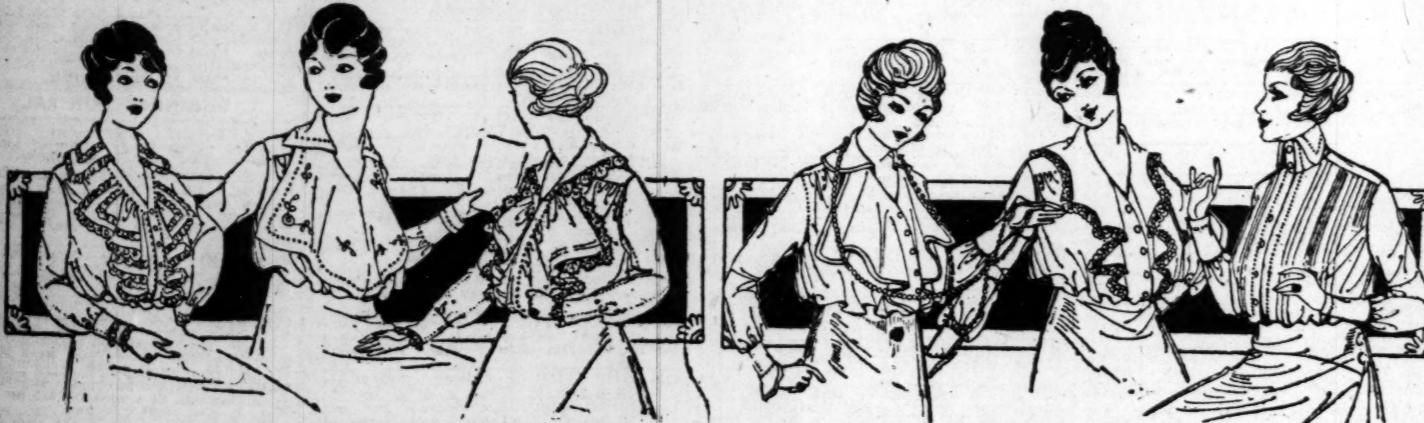
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Plain and striped Georgettes with large and medium frills, finished with embroidery or lace.

Fine Crepe de Chines with convertible collars, large kerchief and gathered frills, satin edged. Some are embroidered or have fine tucked box pleats.

Net Waists—Flowered Chiffon Waists as well. Colors represented are white, flesh, bisque, maize and plaid.



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A complete display of unusually fetching Autumn styles designed for the well dressed young miss. An extensive variety, variously priced from \$2.98 to \$7.98

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Presents extensive assortments of gold, silver, steel, jet and iridescent beaded cabochons, bow knots and many novelty ornaments—specially priced at

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Of velvet, in black, purple, navy, green and scarlet.

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The "Jockey" (as illustrated) and numerous other popular styles—on special sale tomorrow at

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Charming Mushrooms and Pokes, of fine velvet, faced with satin, and trimmed with ribbon and ornaments.

SPECIAL

Libra personae are in many matters; most honest, but borrows; most jumistic; liable to stemmatical prostration.

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Don't Ever Let Anyone Tell, You This as a New One
THERE was a chap just in here looking for you, Smith. "Was he tall or short?" "Both." "What do you mean?" "He was a tall man and he said he wanted to borrow a dollar."

Restricted Range.
MARIE, supple and slender, and Aunt Clara, bulky and benign, had returned from a shopping expedition, during which each one had been trying to buy a ready-made suit. At the house Marie was asked what success each had had in her efforts to be fitted.

"I got along very well," said Marie, "but Aunt Clara is getting so fat that about all she can get ready-made is an umbrella."

Soft Snap.
WEARY WILLIE: If ever I decide to go to work I tell you the job I'm going to get.

Dusty Rhodes: What's that?
Weary Willie: Calling out the stations on an ocean liner.

A Different Matter Then.
WHAT'S become of that friend of yours who used to be such a strong advocate of the saloon on the ground that as long as the nation recognized the business a man had a right to enter it if he chose?

"What happened?"
"Somebody tried to open a saloon in his neighborhood and he was the first man to get out with a petition to stop it."

Why Is It?
WHY is it everybody, more or less, looks his job? Can you imagine a millionaire corporation lawyer as a soda-pop salesman on a double-header day?

Overcharged.
MERCY!" ejaculated young Mrs. Kidder, in the midst of her reading. "Here is an account of a woman who sold her baby for 50 cents!"

"Oh, well," returned her bachelor brother, who had at sundry times cared for the children, while his sister went shopping, "all kinds of swindles are being worked nowadays."

Anatomically.
I'VE been pondering over a very singular thing."

"What is it?"

"Now putting a ring on a woman's third finger should place you under her thumb."

Didn't Notice the Scenery.
HEAR you came back over a scenic route."

"Er-yes. So I did."

"I presume you enjoyed the trip."

"Immensely. We got up a game of cards that lasted the whole day, and luck was amazing."

The "Approach" in Golf.
SNT what they call the "approach" an important consideration in golf?"

"Very important. You've got to have the kind of a job that will permit you to approach the golf links early in the afternoon."—Washington Star.

The Only Restriction.
YOU say this residence property is carefully restricted?"

"Yes."

"What are the restrictions?"

"No one can buy property here unless he has the price."

A New Economy.
HE was always trying to save him-

self trouble."

"Yes. He has saved up a whole lot more than he can take care of?"—Washington Star.

Getting an Eyeful.
YOU seem to spend a lot of time at the aquarium."

"Yes. It has a fascination for me since coming back from vacation. I went to so many places where there were no fish."

He'd Try Anything.
WHY do you call Bligrins an expert accountant? He isn't up in figures."

"No, but there isn't any phenomenon in the universe that he doesn't assume to be able to account for."—Washington Star.

All With a Pull.
THE dentist pulled the cowboy's tooth.

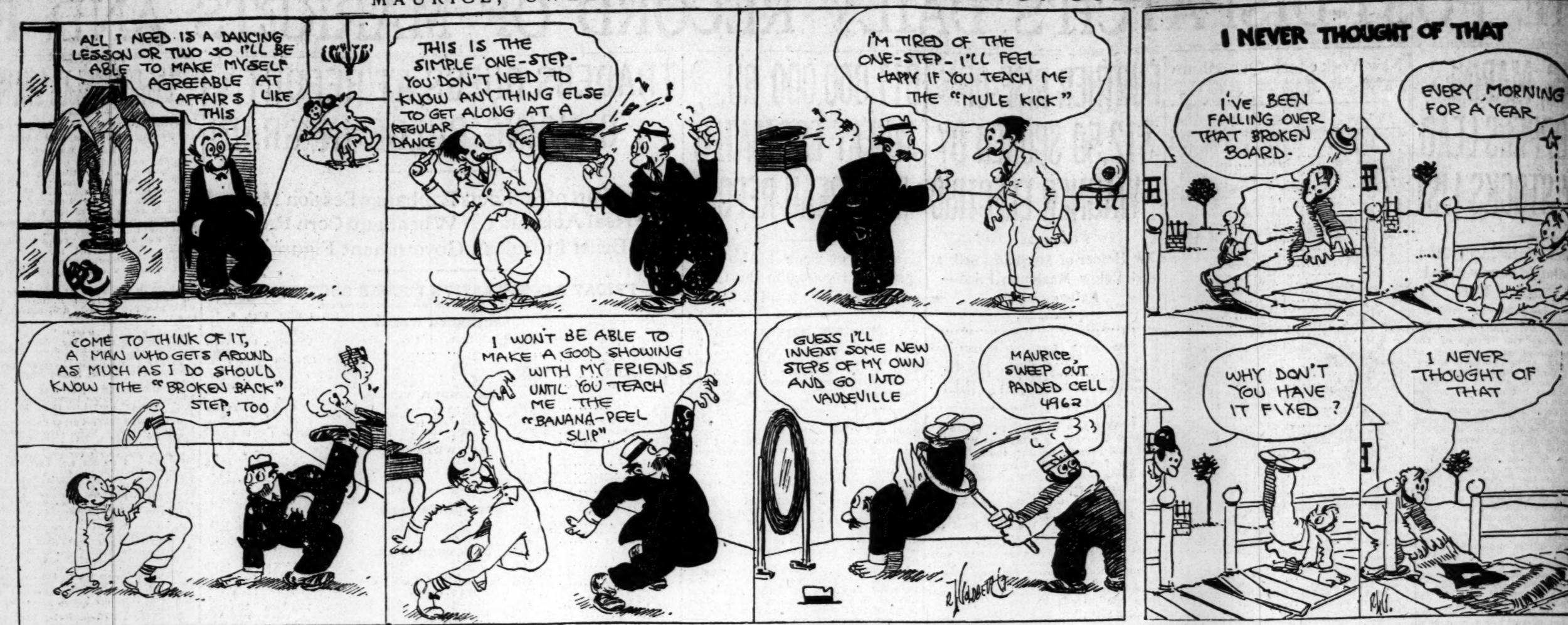
The cowboy pulled a gun; a cop came in and pulled them both; Gee whiz, but this is fun!

His Case.
YOU look and old man."

"Um."

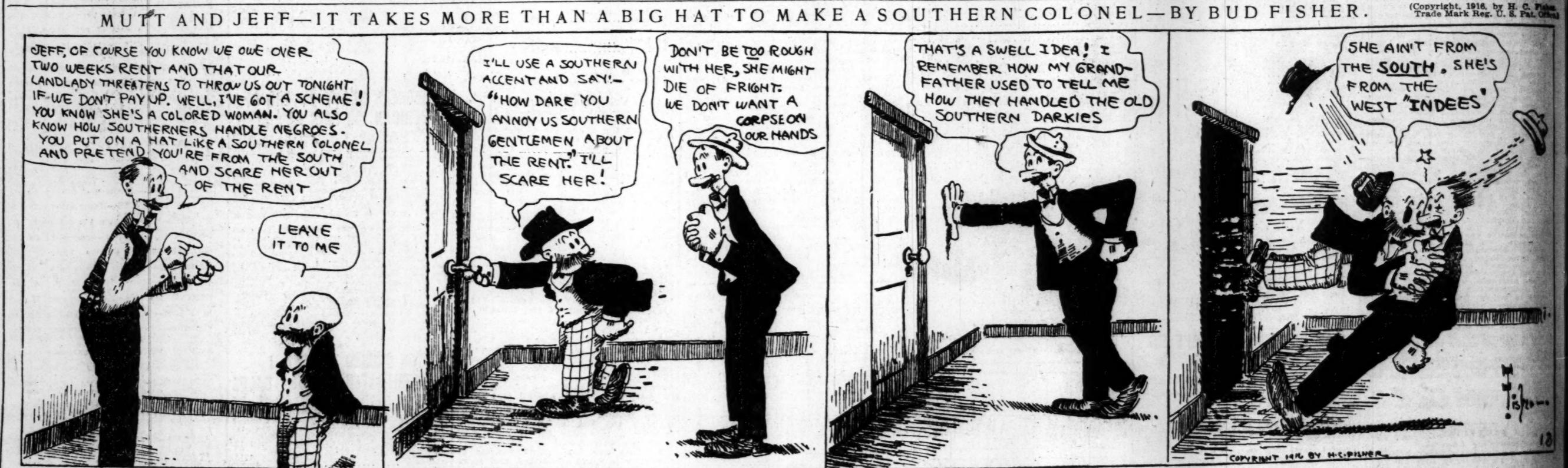
"I know it's depressing to have your wife go away."

"She ain't going."



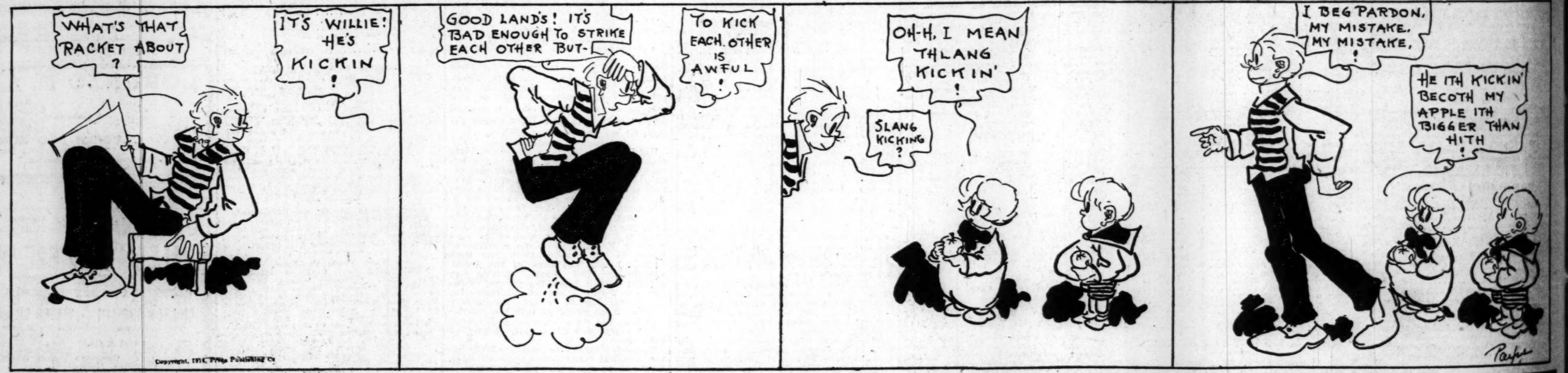
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S'MATTER POP?—BETWEEN THE TWO KIDDIES, POP'S EDUCATION IS PROGRESSING SLOWLY BUT SURELY!—BY C. M. PAYNE.



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Miss Bulson?

Second Woman Clubbist: She couldn't be any duller at it if she were a tomcat or in a public school.—Life.

Dull Session.

FIRST WOMAN CLUBBIST: How is your history class getting on under

the scholastic system?

Dr. final.

"The cent and take for build new spe last com ing ere bu and item."

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